THE BEAVER ARGUS
Will be Published Every Wednesday
IN MINIS' BUILDINGS,
THIRD ST., BEAVER, PA.,
At $2.00 per annum in Advance

☞ Letters and contributions, by mail shall have prompt attention.

J. S. RUTAN & Co. Eds. & Pro'rs.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 41--No. 47. Beaver, Wednesday, November 29, 1865. Established 1818

THE AUTUMN RAIN.

Dear to me the constant splashing
Of the rain drops falling fast,
And the dripping leafless branches
Waiving in the autumn blast.
When the withered summer flowers
Dead and cold are strewn around,
When the autumn leaves are lying
Black and wet upon the ground,
Then I wander through the forest,
Then I haunt each dark retreat,
But the leafy carpet never
Starts an echo from my feet.

I have listened to the murmer
Of the quiet autumn rain,
As it fell with ceaseless patter
On the tinkling window pane.
I have stood to hear the music
Of the quiet autumn rain,
As upon the spectral darkness
Floated by the sweet refrain.
And I love the gentle whisper
Of the patter on the pane,
For I felt the spirit near me
When I hear the autumn rain.

SERMON ON PROFANITY.

BY REV. SYLVESTER BURT, BEAVER.

Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain; for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that taketh His name in vain.—

I am about to discourse upon profanity—not that the theme is a pleasing one; not to demonstrate the depravity of man; nor yet to gratify any censorious inclination of self. The prophet Jer. 23: 10, said in his day "because of swearing the land mourneth." His words are still applicable. How prevalent this vice! As a minister, a philanthropist, and a citizen it is my duty, calmly but earnestly, to portray its evils, resist its encroachments and implore and exhort the guilty to repentance. God has not only proclaimed his law against profanity, but it is one of the two commandments accompanied with threatening. Frequent reference is made to it in both Old and New Testament Scriptures. One instance of God's punishment is recorded, and many threatenings occur.

If the language of profanity were confined to the brothel, the bar-room and the gambling table, we might excuse ourselves from the unpleasant task of animadversion. But its language pollutes our business places—resounds on all our thoroughfares—breaks in hurried discord upon our social and private ways, respecting not the gentleness of woman nor the imitative innocence of childhood. Nay, we fear its coarse voice obtrudes the very place and hour of devotion!—Another alarming feature is its terrible increase. War is always demoralizing; and of all vices in the ranks of the soldier, probably none is more prevalent than this. And the boys at home, admiring the heroic deeds of their soldier brothers, have adopted their language, and swear loftily and curse loudly.

But few attempt to justify this sin. Those guilty of the practice generally acknowledge its moral obliquity, its uselessness, and even its foolishness. Many offer no plea in justification.—Some plead in excuse the power of habit, (though this is only confession of wholesale guilt.) Some claim it a privilege to swear when they please, forgetful alike of both right and law. Some indeed regard it as a source of enjoyment—a vent to towering rage—a kind of safety-valve to pent up sinfulness. God's law we have already recited, and our Savior confirms the law thus: Matt. 5: 34, 35—Swear not at all; neither by Heaven nor by the earth.

In order to see with proper force the violation of this law, we notice,

I. *How God requires his name to be regarded.*

1. The Psalmist enjoins, (Ps. 33: 8) "Let all the earth fear the Lord; let all the inhabitants of the world stand in awe of him." Again it is said "The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom." This fear arises not from servility nor guilty dread, but from a proper apprehension of His nature begotten by reading His word, and by contemplating His power, wisdom, truth and grace. It is also produced by considering our relation to God.—He is our creator; we are his subjects; we must render an account to him according to his law—gracious yet just and holy. Therefore (Prov. 23: 17,) "Let not thine heart envy sinners; but be thou in the fear of the Lord all the day long."

2. Farther, our Savior has taught us to say, "Hallowed be thy name." By this is meant that His name be treated with due reverence as befits the Holy. In the Heavenly vision Isaiah saw the attendant angels responded to each other in sacred rapture, "Holy, Holy, Holy is the Lord of Hosts." To his ancient people God proclaimed himself "the holy one of Israel." And the appellation of the third person in the Trinity is not the just spirit, the wise spirit, nor the omnipotent spirit, but the Holy spirit—"Holiness to the Lord," was the watchword of ancient Israel. Thus we see, God requires us to fear before Him—to regard His name with reverential awe, and as ineffably holy.

II. *Let us now notice the violations of this law.*

1. There is danger even in the profession of godliness of violating this law, in reading the word of God thoughtlessly, and even in prayer of coming before God with mere lip service. The world has so strong an hold upon us that not only are worldly thoughts *suggested* while performing our devotions, but we must be guarded or worldly thoughts will *occupy* our minds, leaving nothing for God but our poor words.

2. We violate this law in unnecessarily using the divine name in statement or narration—especially in repeating the oaths of others. Many who will not use profane language on their own credit, frequently do it by giving currency to that of others by repeating it. It is a poor excuse for such conduct to say it is another's language. Who to illustrate murder would think of giving an example by taking the life of his fellow? Or to give an illustration of stealing would himself become a thief? Yet how many are accustomed to re-produce most horrid oaths, and still account themselves innocent! Another caution we will here suggest. The Holy name may be used reverently and quoted—quoted profanely by being quoted irreverently.

3 Still more palpable is the violation in using the Great name on unimportant occasions. Frequently we hear it as mere exclamations of surprise or wonder in the most trivial conversation. Reprove those thus lightly using the Holy name, and they will probably answer that what they say is true, and that they meant it in real earnest. It may be they had all the earnestness the case would admit of, but how trivial the occasion! How light the deportment and the tone! Perhaps a matter of mere merriment! Would one of these same persons permit the name of one of their domestics, much less their dearest friend, to be thus trivially bandied about? How censurable then thus to use the name of the most High God!

4. Profanity is more obvious and obnoxious in its more common form of interlarding common conversation with the names of Deity. Our Savior's command, "Swear not at all," plainly instructs us that perjury is not necessary to the violation of this law. He forbids swearing by any creature. Many suppose themselves innocent because they avoid the name of God, and swear "by heaven," "by my soul," &c. Now these things are God or they are not. If they are, the violation is palpable, if they are not then they swear by that which is not God. They transfer his honor to that which is no God. For in nine different places in scripture (as in Psalms 63: 11,) swearing by His name is esteemed as an act of devotion when done in reverence. But with many, the more trifling or false the assertion, the more terrible the profanity. It would relieve the shamefulness of this guilty practice if the guilty were but the idle loafers, bar room supporters and vagrant ignoramuses. But these characters have the fellowship of many of our educated and wealthy young men, and even men of maturer years. They form the public sentiment and school all they influence. And they have many scholars in their school. Besides boys, yet too cowardly to swear by daylight, meet upon the commons for regular lessons in this, the grammar of hell. Christian parent, is your boy in that school? Is he a night wanderer?

5. Again we notice there are those who may be termed pioneers in profanity! They reduce swearing if not to a science at least to a method.—Coining oaths appear to be their profession. Profanity and blasphemy revel within their hearts till they are teeming with strange, horrid combinations of oaths and cursing. The devoted saint sometimes so prays and speaks, that you feel he has direct communion with God. So these graduates in profanity make you feel that they hold direct communion with the infernal.

6 Then the swearer swears often when he means something by it. He forms a *union of wrath* and profanity. An impotent effort of a poor feeble worm, to give his malice and wrath by calling to his aid, the name of the terrible Jehovah, before whom heaven worships and hell trembles. Is not the murderous principle of hate toward thy fellows, and the foolish emotions of anger toward irrational, and even inanimate creatures sin enough? Must there be the additional moral and intellectual humiliation—the guilt and foolishness of blasphemy? Here the swearer prays—he prays God to "blast your eyes,"—to "damn your souls." He calls for the curse of the three persons of the Godhead, to fall upon soul and body. Would he have God answer his prayers? In his transport of rage it may be his desire. But abandoned, as even a blasphemer's heart may be—it is not his candid desire—he would not have God answer his prayers. All this is but to vent to his rage! O wretched excuse for shameful guilt! Wrath is cruel but blasphemy is devilish.

7. As cursing is the union of wrath and profanity, so purgery is the *union of profanity and lying.* We do not intend now to discuss this sin. But we must at this place notice the tendency of profanity to produce it. When I hear a man swear, I hear the hissing of a slimy viper within his heart—and such an one as is never found alone. It is one of a horrid brood.—And though this is now the only one that is roused to hiss and sting—yet each in his turn is roused to be foul and poison his possessor. Profanity destroys reverence and fear of God; and in direct ratio, reverence and love of truth, and is therefore the precursor of perjury. I never knew a swearer whose veracity or oath I could rely on, as I could, if he took not "the name of God in vain."

III. We might here close our discussion and rest the reasonableness of the law upon the fact that it is *God's* law. Assured that He who calls to account every idle word and thought will not fail to punish every oath and curse. And to the pious and reverential, the strongest reason that can be adduced to deter profanity is—God forbids it—he will not hold him guiltless that taketh his name in vain."—To him who will take into the account the eternal world there need be no further inquiry. God's sovereignty, justice and holiness give potency to the command like the thunderings of Sinai. But in this, as in most of the Divine law, there are reasons obvious and cogent for its careful observance in connection with this life. Let us enquire then

1. What is the effect of profane swearing upon the *intellectual character* and *reputation?* The truly great man reverences the truly great. This is exemplified in the lives of all great men. We assimilate in mind and heart, unto that which engages or employs mind or heart Cultivate the beautiful, and we become conscious of intellectual refinement.—Know intimately great men, and there results intellectual expansion.—But all human greatness is derived from God directly or indirectly. But profanity blinds the perception of his infinite excellence, obliterates reverence for his eternal greatness, and associates his name with things mean and trivial. Therefore, profanity strikes at the very foundation of all true greatness. And is intellectual reputation enhanced by it? Can that mind be great that fails to perceive the greatness of its creator? Neither can it be considered bold, because it is foolhardy enough to dare the wrath of omnipotence; nor witty by filling discourse with unexpected oaths. Profane expletives are like the famed wooden guns of Manassas—they make a show; but to the knowing, they only evidence a want of thought. Proper expression of thought is good enough without oaths; and faulty expression is never mended by them.

2. Still more obvious are the injurious effects of profanity upon the *moral character.* True morality is founded upon the observance of the law of God. But let any one of God's laws be violated, and it is obvious that there cannot be proper reverence for the others. But profanity above any other violation, destroys regard for God; and, therefore, is fatal to the very foundations of morality. If the lawgiver is not respected, neither are the laws. If a man profane the Great Name to embellish his speech, his story or his song, what assurance can you have that he will have a proper regard for truth or justice—for the weal or woe of his neighbor? He that vauntingly violates the third command, cannot properly respect the fourth or fifth, or any other. And hence God holds him guilty, that violates any one of his commands. *One* sin destroys the moral contour, and brings the displeasure of God upon the guilty.

3. But the evils of profanity extend beyond the guilty. If you have no concern for personal, intellectual and moral character and reputation, consider the great injury you inflict upon society. Jeremiah 23: 10, as already quoted, exclaimed, "Because of swearing the land mourneth." And when the Lord proclaimed his judgments against the people by the prophet Hosea, he said: "By swearing, and lying, and killing, and stealing, and committing adultry, they break out; and blood toucheth blood." Here first the foundations of morality are taken away by removing reverence for God. And lying follows as a sequence; for it is often to your immediate self interest to lie. And where there is no regard for God, there can be none for truth. Falsehood begets hate and malice and these result in murder. In the French revolution the word *God* was made synonymous with *dating superstition;* and the word *reason* was deified. And thus the way was opened to complete Hosea picture And in the late rebellion, human slavery was deified in defiance of God's word and the universal instincts of humanity; and this formed a back ground sufficiently dark to finish again Hosea's picture with terrible effect—"blood toucheth blood." But to accomplish universal demoralization I would know no surer or swifter way, than to form schools of profanity. Familiarize the popular ear to cursing and profanity—school the young in it. Let it become as music to the ear of woman—and if there remain a righteous man, that he will in dismay, exclaim, (Ps. 11: 3.) "If the foundations be destroyed, what can the righteous do?"

Look again at that passage in Hosea. How dark is that catalogue of crimes, headed by profanity. There are some sins, which in their nature, exclude others. But profanity prepares for others, and hastens their commission. And the *darker* and the *lower* in the catalogue of degrading crime you go, the surer are you to find profanity prominent. The conservators of public well knew its vile efforts long ago, and attached penalty accordingly. They punish it, not as a *moral wrong*, but as a *public wrong.* It is so classified in all our legal works. What becomes of public justice when God is no longer regarded, and perjury no longer feared. Patriotism forbids profanity. Good citizenship forbids it. Thos. Paine, infidel as he was, saw its demoralizing effects that he said, "A man that will swear will also lie."

4. The guilt of profanity is aggravated by the fact that it has absolutely no excuse. The thief may plead his poverty or the wants of his children. The murderer aggravated provocation. The debauchee the gratification of his senses. And the bloody path of the chieftian ends at a throne. But what can the swearer plead?—Does it enhance pleasure, character, reputation, wealth or glory? Nothing of the kind. It is a gratuitous insult to God. It is a "pure compliment to the Devil." Herbert has well said:

"Take not his name, who made thy mouth, in vain,
It gets thee nothing and hath no excuse;
Pride and lust plead pleasure, avarice gain;
But the cheap swearer through his open sluice,
Lets his soul run for nought, and nothing fearing.
Were I an infidel, I would hate swearing."

5. Finally—say not in your impiety, "how doth God know." "Neither doth the God of Israel regard it."—Remember "God is not mocked."—"He will yet reprove you for your sins and set them in order before you." We will not now recite the many well authenticated instances of summary vengeance upon the profane; wherein God has answered impious prayers; smiting down while the oath or curse was trembling on their lips. Probably, more instances of vengeance upon sinners in the very act of sinning, have been wreaked upon the profane, than any other. He may so smite you! Why tempt ye God? Why learn the vocabulary of devils while on earth? Why court the thunderbolts of Divine wrath? Why harden your heart by such sin, and debase your intellect, and shock the pure and good? Abandon a habit so vile—so debasing—so bootless in its results.

"You would not swear upon a bed of death:
Reflect: your maker now can stop your breath."

A few thoughts to close who with me deplore the evils and prevalence of profanity. Have we not all a duty to perform in reference to this subject?

Let the christian minister declare the whole counsel of God on the subject. Sin does not die by being let alone. Let the truth be urged from and the results of its violation; the law of the land; and the penalty attached to its violation, the duty of parents, magistrates and teachers.—*Citizens*, as you value public justice and public virtue, you should oppose the tide of profanity with steadfast fidelity. Let it be known at our public meetings, our business places, and upon our rail-roads and rivers, that there is tax upon profanity, and a tax that must be paid. Let public sentiment be directed against it, and magistrates take cognizance of the violation of this law with as much conscientiousness as any other.

Parents and *teachers*, instruct with all diligence in the reverence and fear with which God's name should be regarded. Set before the young the magnitude of the evil and vileness of its results, and resist its encroachments with all your moral, parental or delegated authority.

Chicken in His Hat.

A country friend sends us the following:

"Nat, a friend of ours, is very poor, rather light-fingered, and, it is said, not so bright as his parents could wish.

"The other day, while passing a neighbor's, Nat saw a brood of chickens, and immediately caught a fine one to carry home. He had not gone far, however, before he saw the owner coming up the road, and not knowing what to do with the chicken, to conceal it, at last succeeded in crowding it into his hat, which he again placed upon his head. But the chicken having a longing for liberty, and being pressed for air, managed to thrust his head through an opening in Nat's old straw hat. Nat was presently accosted with—

"What have you got in your hat?"

"Nothing but my head," said Nat.

"But I see a chicken's head sticking through the top of it, Nat."

"Nat, taking off his hat, and looking at it in feigned astonishment, exclaimed:

"Wal, how d'ye s'pose that critter come in there? I sware! he must have crawled up my trowser's leg!"—*Norristown, Pa. Herald.*

☞ General Lee, it is said, has arranged with Richardson, the New York publisher, for the publication of his history of the rebellion. The book is now in preparation, and will not be complete for several months to come. In the articles of agreement it is stipulated that no alterations shall be made by the publisher after the manuscript comes into his hands.—Lee is positive on this point, and will brook no change to suit the Northern palate. This is what we prefer. It is better that the statements in the book should be all those of Gen. Lee, looking through his confederate eyes, rather than those of some Northern editor who will attempt to gloss over treason and apologize for an attempt at the Northern life.

African Memorial Against Slavery.

A CURIOUS DOCUMENT.

[JAMES PATTERSON, Esq, of Patterson, sends us the following Memorial, with a request to give it a place in our columns, which we cheerfully do.]

From the N. Y. Evening Post.

Whoever may undervalue efforts for the abolition of slavery in any country where it yet exists, we may be sure the descendants of Africa will not. The Spanish Abolition Society has been greeted, in the outset of its operations, by a remarkable address from the men of African descent in Madrid. Their number is very considerable, many of them in good circumstances, and their address shows a very high degree of intellectual power and cultivation among them. We have been so much interested in it, that we desire our readers to share the satisfaction, and have therefore procured a translation of some of the most striking portions, hoping that the whole may be allowed to come before the American public through some medium less straightened for room than a daily journal must be at this busy season of the year.

"To Messieurs the Spanish Abolitionists:

"Illustrious and noble Cavaliers: The descendants of the African race residing at Madrid salute the white men, their brethren, in the gospel and religious veneration.

"Worthy sons of Spain! Generous protectors of the negroes! Founders of a new charity of love to the slave! Prophets to Africa now despised!—We love you, admire you, and joyfully bless you. Blessed be God! Blessed be Spain! The red and yellow colors of the Spanish national flag no longer signify to us what they signified to the mulatto Placido and the negro Munzano, poets of the Isle of Cuba: 'Two streams of blood to conquer one of gold!' No! The banner of Spain now shows to us the brilliant colors and smiling hopes of the rainbow, and like the iris arches over the whole sky of Africa, protects our continent under its shade, and seals a covenant of eternal friendship and religious brotherhood with the wretched children of Ham.

"We join our prayers to yours, our sharp and piercing cries to your pitying and comforting supplications, to protest before God and men against the crime, which is clamoring to the God of Abel and Cain for justice.

"Your voice, your choice phrases, your wisely-meditated discourse and writings, represent the sweet and tender melody, the expressive language of this chorus of captive negroes.—And our prolonged lamentations, the shrieks of terror to which the most oppressive slavery has accustomed us, shall be the accompaniment of that melody, shall adapt itself to that pious song as the rough harmony for all the outraged honor, the negro grief, the boundless sorrow, the anticipated hell, which we have suffered only for being ignorant and for being the last.

"We protest most energetically, with all the freedom that Spain now grants us—Spain, the native country of those unforgotten religious redeemers of captives—we protest with our might against the slavery of our brothers in the islands of Cuba and Porto Rico.

"Let not be sold any more the blood which still courses through the veins of men!

"Let not the hearts be sold which still beat in the bosoms of men!

"Let not a price be set upon a head that thinks; neither let be bought or sold a soul that loves!

"Alas! there still live in the heart of America men without hearts, who oppress and deform the sacred image of God in the unprotected negroes, who, in return, cultivate the fields and increase the riches, and make soft and luxurious the lives of the whites.

"Alas! to this day the accursed lash, converted into a poisonous serpent, in the hand of a man charged into a demon, resounds in both islands upon the shoulders of the laborer! The lash is the only token of the white man that is seen with our eyes, or heard with our ears, the only thing that touches our naked limbs! There is a German story told by Grimm, of a sword brandished by the fencer in such a masterly way above his father's head, and with such marvelous swiftness, that it kept the drops of a heavy rain from falling on the old man's head. In like manner, the American overseer's lash, perpetually whisking and winding serpent-like and with astonishing swiftness over the heads and shoulders of the unhappy slaves, prevents even one drop of the divine pity from falling on them, and at the same time intercepts the sighs of suffering which the victims send up towards heaven. The lash is then our punishment and our pay; it calls us to work and to rest: it is that which bids us eat, and it is that which bids us pray. It is our lot, our only hope, our cruel burden, our daily bread.

"Alas! to this day in the villages of the colonies the sun each morning, in greeting the beauty of the fields, surprises in the moral world a terrible spectacle, the constant reproduction of the horrors of the mother in the Street of Bitterness. A woman of color, young and heart broken, goes about the streets and squares, knocking at every door and kneeling at the feet of every white man. She carries an infant hanging upon her bosom, of which she takes leave at every moment, because she is looking for her innocent child. The present owner of that little Jesus and that Mater Dolorosa wants a slave woman with no holy ties, without a mother's heart, and ready only for servile labors or carnal uses. And for this he has given the horrible order, the abominable absurdity, which the pen can hardly repeat: 'Woman, get a master for thy child, get rid of that encumbrance.' Alas! thrice alas!

"Alas! that there are yet in many sugar works and coffee plantations of the Spanish colonies shocking crowds to be met of men destitute of women, men without mothers, without sisters, without daughters, without wives, without female companions, without living love, without the feminine ideal, without connubial beds, without a duplicated life; single men, with no God, with no country, with no woman; single men with all the horror, with all the degrading and disgusting selfishness of the one exclusive solitary. And from this violation of the primary law of Genesis, and from hatred to the man who by his arbitrary will has abolished the Divine command, we see these rational beings, debasing themselves and self-abandoned, sink to the level of the beasts; and, as their only solace or their only revenge, profane nature and extinguish human conscience in monstrous and disgusting vices, in seas of crimes, numberless and nameless, such as are scarcely known in the most barbarous ages.

"And will the children of men believe that the life giving star of liberty can shine upon the whites, leaving the negroes in the darkness of an eternal night? Ah, no, no! Liberty is not like the luminary of the natural day, that hides itself to one hemisphere that it may illuminate the other. Liberty produces no diurnal nor nocturnal souls, as the sun does in the children of Adam. It shines as the luminary of eternity; as the Divine Jesus; as the white man nailed on the black and disfigured tree of the cross, which spreads its rays of love and justice with equal intensity of heat and light; as on the heights and in the depths; as on the well-known and the mysterious; on the negro as on the white; as in life so in death. There will be no liberty enjoyed upon the earth, if men do not long for the day when all—all, that live—all—all—all—shall be free, and brothers, as sons of the same heavenly father.

"The great injustice which is still perpetuated against our poor race, has its influence, perhaps, on the sweet designs of Providence, so that in punishment divine liberty may still be more bitter than sweet; a weakness, rather than an exuberance of life; a myth, a Utopia, a stumbling block, a punishment of Sodom in the countries of Europe, placed in the forefront of civilization. For this long while, liberty will be for the decaying nations of Europe what the Holy Code of Jesus Christ, expounded by Pharisees, has long been for the hated African tribes, a shadow of justice, a sacrilegious lie, a pretence, a snare, the most shocking hypocrisy, a baptism at the cost of freedom and of country, the slavery of men instead of the slavery of sin, a horrid sinning transformed, erected into a legalized system of commerce.

"Oh whites! be at last our brothers. Only thus shall liberty that is divine become human, according to the idea of God, the primary truth of the world. If you would gain that so coveted end, begin by granting us clothing for our nakedness, mothers for our orphanage, modesty for our women. Let us not hear any more the sound of the owner's lash, which lacerates our skin, and even strips the naked, tearing off from the victim that seamless robe with which the heavenly father covers our flesh and bones. Let it no longer be lawful to strip naked a miserable woman of color, in the presence of men, that she may be whipped, amid threats of death or shouts of savage merriment. Let us not see, in Christian towns, Christian mothers selling off their children like Judas the innocent Christ. Let no more the negroes die blaspheming! No more murders! No more suicides! No more brutalities, to produce sugar, and cigars and coffee! Let us end that cursed taunt, which forces the victim to doubt whether to bless God or the devil! O, cease! cease! enough! enough!

"Oh whites! Truth must no longer be subjected to the differences of meridians, as in the time of Pascal!—What is truth here, must be truth there, because it is eternal truth. Be at last the brothers of the children of Africa! So also shall divine liberty become the right of the human race, according to the design of God, according to the primary truth of the world!

(Signed.)

GERONIMO SIERRA, native of Africa.
JOSE ANASTASIO, emigrant from Cuba.
MATEO MONTOYA, of Porto Rico.
MANUEL PORTUGUES, African.
MANUEL MUNDEZ, African.
MARIA CAYIDAD, African woman.
MANUEL ESTEVANI, of Fernando Po.
S. GRATO, of Brazil.
JOSE SOLIS, of Porto Rico.
GABINO RUIZ, of Porto Rico.
ADOLPHO, native of England.
ELANA S., of Porto Rico.
MANUEL MARTINEZ, native of Africa.
AUGUSTIN PACHECO, native of Africa.
JUANA RODRIGUEZ, native of Cuba.
EPIPHANIA MONTALOO, native of Cuba.
ADELA MONTALOO, native of Cuba.
S. ATHANASIO, freedman of Porto Rico.
PIO SALINAS, native of Porto Rico.
JUAN NAPOLEON, native of Africa.
DOMINGO VASALLO, freedman of Cuba.
NEMESIO VARGAS, freedman of Cuba.
NICHOLAS SERRADO, native of Porto Rico.
FRANCISCO ALVAREZ, native of Africa.
Etc., etc., etc.

Farm, House, &c.

BREAKING COLTS.—Young colts, when their dams are used in harness, are often troublesome about following, especially when travelling on the highway where they are liable to meet other horses. It is common to see a young colt run directly away from its dam, when on the road, and, becoming bewildered, no little trouble is required to bring it back. To avoid all annoyance from this source, make a soft halter, suitable for the colt's head, and hitch it to a strong fence, or some other place, where it cannot run around a post and wind the rope up. It may pull, for several hours, but will soon learn to stand.

As soon as accustomed to the halter, the colt may be taught to be led, by placing the dam a few rods distant from where it is hitched, and leading it towards her. It will be impossible to lead a colt away from its dam until it has become well accustomed to the halter. By spending a little time with a colt, and treating it with the greatest gentleness, it may be taught to travel by the side of its dam wherever she goes. Tie the colt's halter to the backband of the dam's harness, so that it can just reach her udder. This length of halter will prevent the colt running forward of the mare when she is travelling. In a few days it will become so gentle that any one can put on the halter and handle it.

When colts are not accustomed to the halter until they are two or more years old, they are frequently very difficult to manage. But if taught to often be changed from one owner to another, with little difficulty, and will be much more manageable.

CALVE'S HEAD SOUP.—Boil the head until quite tender in salt and water. Take the meat from the bone and cut it in small pieces. Strain the water, and then put in the meat with a teaspoonful of cloves, two pounded nutmegs, a little black pepper, and as will lay on a five cent piece. Add a piece of butter the size of an egg, and one pint of browned flour, rubbed up in cold water. Boil all together for half an hour, then add two chopped eggs. A whole head, liver and lights make about three gallons of soup. The liver should only boil half an hour. A skinned head, with the bones of a leg of veal will make about as much. This soup, if well made, cannot be surpassed; but any soup poorly made, of which there is much, is the least palatable of all dishes.

MINCE PIES.—The following recipe for mince pies is recommended after using it for many years:

Boil a fresh beef tongue tender, let it get cold, then chop it fine, with one pound of suet, one half peck of apples, two pounds of currants, picked and washed carefully; one pound of citron sliced; half an ounce each of powdered cloves, allspice, cinnamon, and ginger; three pints of sweet cider, one one pint of Madeira wine, half a pint of brandy, with enough sugar to sweeten to your taste. This will make a large jar full.

☞ Mr. Green sued a lady for breach of promise. Her friends offered to settle it for two hundred dollars.

"What!" cried Mr. Green, "two hundred dollars for ruined hopes, a blasted life, and a bleeding heart!—Two hundred dollars for all this!—Never! never! never! *Make it three hundred and it's a bargain.*"

☞ Two centuries ago, not one in a hundred wore stockings. Fifty years ago not one boy in a thousand was allowed to run at large at night.—Fifty years ago, not one girl in a thousand made a wailing maid of her mother. Wonderful improvement in this age.

☞ A married man who was out at a whist party, when he proposed going home, was urged to stay a little longer.

"Well," he replied, "perhaps I may as well—my wife probably is already as mad as she can be."

☞ Three things only are essential to happiness, namely: Something to do, something to love, and something to hope for.

☞ Little drops of rain brighten the meadows, and little acts of kindness brighten the world.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square for three insertions and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal in width to one line of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

J. S. RUTAN ..... J. D. ANDERSON.

J. S. RUTAN & Co.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

NOVEMBER 29th, 1865.

Liberal Inducements to Agents for the Argus.

The year is drawing to a close, and we are anxious to increase our list of subscribers for next year. In order to do this we propose that all new subscribers now paying for 1866 shall receive the paper for the balance of the this year free of charge. We will also send the *Argus* for one year to a club of five or more new subscribers, to one address, at $1,75 in advance. Any person acting as Agent and raising a club of ten, we will in addition give him the paper free. Any one sending us a club of twenty new subscribers, with pay in advance, we will give them, in addition to a copy of the *Argus* for one year, "Raymond's Life of Lincoln," containing over 800 pages, and well bound. A dollar and seventy-five cents for our paper gives us a very small profit, yet we are anxious to extend our circulation, and will furnish it at that price to clubs of five or more new subscribers.

Every person should take a county paper and there are hundreds in the county who will subscribe if solicited. We hope Agents will go to work in every township. We will do our best to make the *Argus* a good paper, and only ask in return a liberal support.

Old subscribers who have not paid up, must do so before the end of the year, or fifty cents additional will be charged. It costs us about One Hundred and Fifty Dollars a month to conduct the paper, and that amount has to be paid in cash punctually. We dislike to refer to this matter so often, but necessity requires it.

Meeting of Congress.

Before our next issue Congress will have convened at Washington. The coming session will be the most important one since the Revolution. The session of 1861–'62 was second only to that of '76, but the session of 1865–'66, whether viewed in the light of the present or future interest of this great nation, will be second to none other. Great questions are to be discussed and decided; new issues will be presented, upon the correct determination of which the well-being—nay! the life, of the nation is involved.—While the war lasted, Congress had but to provide ways and means to recruit our armies and supply the Treasury;—good officers and brave soldiers did the balance. Since the adjournment of the last Congress, our arms have been triumphant and peace restored to the country. The present Congress has to complete the work of restoration and reconstruction. It is a difficult task to perform, and is fraught with embarrassment and danger. To rigidly apply the lessons of the past, and revise its mistakes, to legislate so wisely that the future may discover no such glaring defects in our Government and institutions as the last few years have demonstrated as existing, to subdue the sword and each other, and devise a scheme that will unite all under one Government that will be equally cherished and feared, is a task the present Congress, if true to its trust, must perform. Its action—the action of each individual member—will be closely scrutinized, and to future, if not to the present, each must answer for the manner in which that trust is discharged. All those who prove equal to the emergency, who act wisely, fearlessly, devotedly, the future will reward with honor and distinction, like that bestowed upon Adams, Franklin, Hancock, and the hosts of other illustrious members of the Congress of '76. A mistake made now may involve us in trouble even before the present generation passes away. If it is necessary, let the Southern States be kept out for years rather than the nation be imperiled again through too hasty admission. Let the Slavery question be forever settled by the adoption of some system that will insure justice to the negroes, and lasting peace to the country. Let every member of Congress decide for himself, after calmly weighing all the arguments produced, what will best subserve the great interests of the country and all its citizens, and then act independently, if need be, of parties and power. By so doing, they will rise to the dignity and responsibility of the position they occupy.—This is no time to follow blindly in the wake of politicians, or meekly accept and humbly defend the opinions of others. If they are right, it will be proper to do so, but if wrong it would be both cowardice and treason to risk the welfare of the nation to minister to the selfishness of the present. On the action and wisdom of the members of Congress, the happiness, prosperity and perpetuity of this Government depends. If they wish to deserve well of the country they should endeavor to prove worthy.

CONGRESS.—The Senate of the United States stands—Union, 38; Democrats, 11. House—Union, 143; Democrats, 41. Some of those Democrats who have been returned as elected, will be ousted on contest, among whom will be Colfroth and Dawson of this State. This will leave the Union majority still larger. This being the state of the case, Democrats are not likely to interfere very materially with national legislation at the next session of Congress.

JAMES R. KELLEY, Esq., of Washington county, member of the Legislature from this District, was in town last week. He has entirely recovered from the effects of his late illness, and is looking better than we ever saw him. He is a candidate for Speaker of the House and his election is conceded in all parts of the State. One or two others are named in the West, but they have no strength, and will withdraw before the caucus is held. Mr. Kelley has served two terms in the Legislature, and gained for himself an enviable reputation as a Legislator. He is a young man of energy, ability, fine business capacity, correct habits and unbending integrity. If elected, he will make an efficient and dignified presiding officer. A farmer by occupation, a Democrat by education, and a soldier who was disabled in the service of his country, he found his devotion to the Union must separate him from the party with which he had action, and with hosts of others he allied himself to the party that was true to the country.—We know of no young man in the State before whom there is a brighter future.

EDITORS ARGUS:—In my desire to be brief, last week, I used an expression which may be misconstrued. It is where I speak of the regiment being suddenly confronted by the enemy. It is not to be inferred from this, that the regiment was surprised or taken unawares. This was not the fact. For a considerable time before, we had been supporting the 28th Mass. Vols., which was sharply engaged with the enemy. We were then in the woods, and were gradually pressing the enemy back. The left wing of the 140th was in the rear of the right wing of the 28th Mass. In order that our regiment might open fire, the movement by the right flank took place, and it was when we emerged from the dense smoke and woods into the open field that we came upon the enemy. The situation was a most perilous one.—We were sent in to check the rebel advance, flushed with success over Gen. Sickle's Corps. There were but two regiments of our Brigade engaged, the 140th and 66th N. Y. Vol. These, with the 28th Massachusetts, were farther advanced than any other regiments on that portion of the line; half a mile, I presume, in advance of their supports. After Col. Roberts fell, Lieut. Col. Fraser was in command of the regiment. I did not see him. I presume he was in his place on the left of the regiment. My place was with the right wing.

A friend suggests the regiment had orders to fall back. I know there was a cry raised to fall back; but whether it came from Lieut. Colonel Fraser I know not.

THOMAS HENRY.

General Logan's Views.

The appointment of General Logan, supporter of the Monroe doctrine, as ambassador to the Republic of Mexico, is significant. Only eleven days before he was appointed Minister to Mexico, he said, in a speech made in the Brooklyn Academy of Music:

"So far as I am concerned, I believe that Maximilian in holding Mexico to-day is part and parcel of the rebellion against this Government. [Cheers.] * * * That was a part of the rebellion; it is a part of it to-day, and the Government of the United States has only to say to Maximilian: 'Sir, you must pack up your duds and travel.' [Laughter, ending in another tremendous outburst of cheering.] The Government has not suppressed the rebellion until it does this. ['That's so.'] I, for one, don't propose to give that State to Maximilian; I, for one, am in favor of our Government saying to him:—'You were induced by this rebellion to take possession of that country, and attempt to establish yourself there; I will not permit you to stay there; you must get out of that country, and leave it to its people.'"—[Cheers.]

THE SOLDIERS' VOTE.—The nomination of a Major General for Governor has not gained to the Democracy of Ohio so many soldier's votes as they expected. When the vote of the soldiers was officially canvassed, it was found that Morgan had only received 687, against 2,428 cast for Cox. Alexander Long, the avowed champion of the right of Secession received four votes.

In Iowa, the Democrats tried to cheat the soldiers by denominating their ticket "The Solders' Ticket," and placing a Republican General at the head of it. Still, their candidate remained in a minority, receiving only 607 votes against 716 given to the radical Republican candidate, Stone.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.—In twenty-five legislatures the Constitutional Amendment abolishing slavery has been ratified, and in three has been rejected; but one at least of the latter—New Jersey—was secured by the late election for its ratification this winter, and it will also pass in the legislatures of California and Oregon at their next sessions. These will complete the requisite number of twenty-eight.

Gov. CURTIN has arrived at his home in Harrisburg, but too ill to attend to his Executive duties. He lay in a critical condition in New York city two weeks before his removal home. Sec. Slifer attends to the duties the office in the absence of the Governor.

The "Republican" Party.

Commenting on a remark in the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* that "the Republican party shall hereafter bear its true and honorable name, and call itself Republican," the Chicago *Journal* says:

The Republican party called itself the "Union party" during the war, because it in fact *was* the only *Union* party in the country. It represented and was the exponent of the true, earnest and unwavering sentiment of loyalty at a time when fidelity to that sentiment was a political test and a patriotic duty. It was therefore truly fitting and proper that that party should be called the Union party, thus expressing its true character.

But now that the war is over, the Republican party having carried the country safely through its peril, it is fitting and proper that we should return to the good old name of "Republican party," which is also expressive of its real character. Nobody is so ignorant as not to know what the term *republican* means, and so long as we prove faithful to the meaning of that term, we prove faithful to the principles that should ever lie at the foundation of our institutions, and that should ever give vitality to our great national doctrine of self-government and the freedom of mankind.

We therefore heartily say *amen* to the proposition that "henceforth let the Republican party bear its true and honorable name," and demonstrate its worthiness thereof by its practical influence in the Government and throughout the whole country, in favor of the true principles of republicanism.

A WRATHFUL REBEL.—Mr Edward A. Pollard, who was editor of the Richmond *Examiner* during the war, has written a wrathy letter to the New York *News*. We quote:

There is a hopeful future for the South, but it is not to be found in the counsels of those time servers and submissionists who are for yielding unconditional obedience to every behest of a political party in power, and are anxious that those in authority may spit upon them, that they may give evidence of their docility. The South has nothing of good to expect from its timid and mercenary press. It has nothing of good to expect from misrepresentatives in Congress, who claim as a decisive qualification, and a peculiar merit, that they can swear that in a war which invaded the homes of the South they were the heartless creatures who stood mute and neutral in the face of the grand tragedy that ran with blood and tears, without aid, comfort or countenance to their countrymen dying before their eyes, reaching their hands for bread, fighting and starving beneath the glorious banners of Lee, Jackson, Pickett and Gordon.

NEW JERSEY.—The Republicans got possession of New Jersey very opportunely. In the term of Governor [illegible] commences January 1, and continues three years, there are to be appointed four out of six Judges of the Court of Appeals, holding office six years, a Chancellor, presiding over the Court of Chancery, seven years, a Chief Justice and three associates out of six, and an Attorney General, each holding office seven years. Besides these are the clerks, surrogates and sheriffs of counties, sixty-three officers in all, who will be elected in 1867 for a term of five years. The Republicans will thus get control of the most important offices in the State.

THE Washington *Republican* says that Kenneth Rayner is elected to the House of Commons in North Carolina. His platform was the expatriation of the colored men of his state—the only men who seems to have their senses left about them—and opposition to the last, to the admission of the testimony of negroes in the courts—a measure which the President has already informed the people of the South is imperatively necessary to the re-admission of the seceded States to the Union.

"COUNT ME IN."—The New York Evening *Post* relates that in a recent conversation Gen. Grant, in his usual homely way, remarked: "When you talk of Mexico, count me in;" and expresses a hope that Louis Napoleon understands English sufficiently well to know what that means. If he does not, his friends across the Channel can enlighten him, for the phrase appears to be a favorite one there.

GEN. AUGUR has issued an order directing that no negro shall be whipped in his Department. We thought, says the *Tribune*, the Proclamation of Emancipation made all such orders unnecessary. Our generals should enforce that proclamation and not issue new ones.

ONE of the best things of the season is that of Bishop Simpson, who has declared in favor of paying the rebel war debt when it becomes due, viz: "two years after the independence of the Confederate States shall have been secured."

GEN. LEE recently forwarded a request to Washington for permission to retain a few old United States pieces of artillery at Lexington, Va., for the instructions of his military school in gunnery practice. The Secretary of War, however, promptly sent a military officer to convey the guns to Richmond.

RETURNS from Pennsylvania soldiers elect McConaughy, Union, to the State Senate from the Adams District by six majority over Duncan, Democrat; another Union gain.

Proceedings of Court on the Deaths of Hon. Thomas Cunningham and Capt. John Cuthbertson.

On the first day of the last term of Court, the following proceedings and resolutions of the Members of the Bar and officers of the Court, in relation to the death of Hon. Thomas Cunningham and Capt. John Cuthbertson were reported. In the former case by W. B. Clark, Esq, Chairman of the committee, and in the latter by M. B. Welsh, Esq., in room of Col. M. S. Quay, the Chairman, who was absent. The occasion was a solemn one, and will not soon be forgotten. Two of the distinguished members of the Bar were not in the places they occupied at the last term. Death had severed their communion with their associates, and taken them to a higher tribunal. Within the last three years four of the most loved and honored had fallen. The assembling together on that day was a painful reminder of the great losses sustained professionally and socially by all. Gen. Clark, B. B. Chamberlin, A. R. Thompson and others made eloquent and beautiful addresses. After some remarks from his Honor, Judge M'Guffin, the Court adjourned until next day, out of respect to the deceased. We append the proceedings and resolutions presented to the Court, and ordered to be entered at length upon the minutes.

On Friday, Sept. 29th, 1865, the members of the Bar and officers of the Court of Beaver county assembled at the Sheriff's office; B. B. Chamberlin Esq., was called to the chair, and John A. Frazier appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting having been stated, a committee was appointed, consisting of W. B. Clark, Henry Hice and John B. Young, Esqs, to prepare and present resolutions expressive of their regard and esteem for the deceased. After having resolved to attend the funeral in a body, and wear the usual badge of mourning on the left arm for thirty days, the meeting adjourned to meet at the Court House, Saturday, Oct. 4th.

SATURDAY, Oct. 4th, 1865.—Upon the re-assembling of the meeting W. B. Clark, Esq., Chairman of the committee presented a series of resolutions which were unanimously adopted; and on the 13th day of November 1865, presented to the Court of Common Pleas, and after some very appropriate and feeling remarks by Judge M'Guffin, the proceedings were ordered to be entered upon the records of the Court, and published agreeably to the eighth resolution.

WHEREAS, it is with unfeigned sorrow and regret that we have heard of the death of the Hon. Thomas Cunningham, late a distinguished member of the Bar of this county.

And Whereas it is highly proper and [illegible] and have long known him should give public expression of our feelings upon this solemn event, and of our appreciation of his character as a lawyer and citizen, and pay a suitable and proper tribute of respect for his memory;

Therefore Resolved, That in the death of our friend, Judge Cunningham, the legal profession of this Commonwealth has lost a member eminent for his great legal learning and unsurpassed ability. His sterling and unbending integrity, his energy and faithfulness in the discharge of every duty whether public or private, and his many manly virtues rendered him an object of respect and admiration, not only at home amongst his immediate friends and acquaintances, but throughout the State.

Resolved, That his firm and manly support of the true principles of human liberty and right, in his untiring and eloquent efforts to sustain the National authorities in their determination to maintain our free institutions and the integrity of the Republic, he took a high, manly and independent position, which endeared him to the great mass of the people, and established for him a brilliant reputation as a patriot and statesman, of which he and his friends had just reason to feel proud.

Resolved, That we heartily join with our fellow citizens throughout the country, in their sincere sorrow for the death of Judge Cunningham, who by his great professional ability, his learning and eloquence, and by social virtues and kindness of heart, had risen to a high and enviable point of influence and power.

Resolved, That in all the relations of life, whether public or private, professional or social, Judge Cunningham was justly loved and admired, and had secured for himself the entire confidence and esteem of his fellow citizens as an eloquent, energetic, firm, generous and noble-hearted man. His loss is most deeply and sincerely lamented by the members of the Court, the Bar and the officers of the county.

Resolved, That we tender to his widow and daughters our true and heart-felt sympathy in this their sad and afflictive bereavement, which has fallen upon them with such sudden and terrible weight. We commend them to the kind and tender care of a wise and overruling Providence.

Resolved, That as an outward evidence of our appreciation of the memory of Judge Cunningham, we will wear the usual badge of mourning for the period of thirty days.

Resolved, That the Chairman of the committee be instructed to present a copy of the proceedings of this meeting to the Court on the first day of the next term, with a request that the same be entered at large upon their records.

Resolved, That the Chairman and Secretary is instructed to present a copy of these proceedings to Mrs. Cunningham and her daughters with the action of the Court thereon.

Resolved, That the said proceedings, together with the proceedings of the Court in relation thereto, be published in the newspapers of this county, and in the *Commercial* and *Chronicle* of Pittsburg, and the *United States Gazette* of Philadelphia.

Upon information that Capt. John Cuthbertson, Provost Marshal of the 24th District, Penna., and a member of the Beaver Bar, was deceased, the members of the bar, officers of the Court and county officers met in the Sheriff's office, on the 21st day of September, 1865, when Wm. B. Clarke, Esq., was called to the Chair, and M. S. Quay, Esq., chosen as Secretary.—The purpose of the meeting having been stated, on motion the Chair appointed M. S. Quay, M. B. Welsh, and E. B. Dougherty, Esqs., a committee to prepare and present resolutions expressive of their regard for the deceased, whereupon the meeting adjourned to assemble again on the 12th day of October.

OCTOBER 12th, 1865.—The meeting having re-assembled, the committee presented a series of resolutions, which were on the 13th of November presented to the Court of Common Pleas, &c., as follows, viz:

The members of the Bar and Officers of the Courts of Beaver county having received the announcement of the death of Capt. John Cuthbertson, do hereby resolve—

That in his premature decease we have to deplore the loss of a member of the legal profession, who during the brief term of his active practice, gave evidence of ability of a high order, and promise of an ultimately brilliant and useful professional career.

That his withdrawal from the Bar to enlist in the service of his imperiled country (for which he afterward risked his life and shed his blood), involving, as it did, the unselfish and patriotic sacrifice of his personal interests, commands our admiration and dignifies his memory in the esteem of every friend of the Government.

That by his services in the field, where he displayed in camp and in battle, the qualities of a true and brave soldier and efficient commander, as well as by his wounds received at the head of his command, in one of the most desperate engagements of the war, he deserved well of his country. His appointment when disabled and discharged the service to the position under the Administration, which he filled at the time of his decease, was but a just and fitting recognition of his merits, his services and his suffering for the national cause, and the efficiency, ability, and scrupulous fidelity to the Government with which he discharged its delicate and embarrassing duties, were creditable to himself and to the military authorities under whom he served.

That we tender to his bereaved family our assurances of sincere sympathy with them in their irreparable loss, and that a copy of these proceedings be furnished to his widow.

That in testimony of our respect for [illegible] al badge of mourning for thirty days.

That the several Courts of this county be requested to enter a copy of these proceedings on their minutes.

WESTERN CHEESE.—About five years ago the first cheese factory was established in Ohio, and now there is one in every town. Usually the farmers pay the factory for doing the work, and divide the cheese. Generally about a pound of cheese can be obtained from a gallon of milk. Salt is added at the rate of three pounds to one hundred gallons. This spring skim-milk cheese sold at sixteen cents per pound. Better cheese, made since, has been sold higher. Each cow pays a profit of from sixty to eighty dollars in one season, at present rates, and there is no business in the country more remunerative. Farmers in other localities are learning this, and cheese-factories are being set up in Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa.

COST OF RAISING CORN IN ILLINOIS.—A Warren County correspondent of the *Prairie Farmer* says: "The great staple crop of this section is corn, for which the soil is particularly well adapted. Corn properly taken care of, does not generally cost over twelve cents per bushel cribbed. Last year I raised over four thousand bushels at a cost of nine or ten cents per bushel when cribbed, with the husks on.—Any person doubting this can have the figures of every item charged in my farm account."

STRAWBERRIES IN NOVEMBER.—The Pittsburg *Commercial* says that Mr. James Bown has gathered from his strawberry vines, in his vineyard at Grandview, near that city, a second crop of strawberries—or at least he has exhibited at the *Commercial* office, a specimen pulled from his vines last week. The berry was full grown and ripe, and as fine a specimen as would be expected in June.

THE Hustings Court, at Richmond, has refused to grant to a colored minister a license to solemnize marriages among the negroes. In the judgment of the F. F. V.'s the negroes have no right to marry.

JOHN MITCHELL.—This patriot has left his country for his country's good, and gone to reside at Paris, as correspondent of Ben. Wood's *Daily News*. This self-expatriation is said to have been one of the conditions of his release.

AT a fashionable restaurant in Richmond, recently, a party of over a dozen people, mostly merchants, indulged in a "slifer" to the "memory of Wirz."

GENERAL GRANT was complimented by a public reception and repast at the Fifth-ave. Hotel, New York, on Monday evening of last week.

Valuable Property For Sale.

I OFFER for sale the house in which I now reside, and three lots belonging to the same. The house is a good two story frame, containing six rooms, with a coal house and wash house attached. A good stable on the lots.—For terms, &c., apply to me at my residence, Beaver, Pa. JOHN MAY.

Election Notice.

NATIONAL BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, New Brighton, Nov. 29, 1865.

THE Stockholders of the National Bank of Beaver County, are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of nine (9) Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking house, in New Brighton, on the second Tuesday (9th) of January next, (1866,) between the hours of 10 o'clock and 2 o'clock of said day.

By order of the Board.
EDWARD HOOPS, Cashier.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of THOS. CUNNINGHAM, late of boro' of Beaver, Beaver co. dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH C. WILSON,
nov29'65- Administrator.

TO SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

THE PITTSBURGH SANITARY SOLDIERS' HOME, under the charge of Dr. Cyrus King, an experienced Army Surgeon, is now open for the reception of sick, wounded, maimed, and helpless soldiers and sailors, FREE OF EXPENSE.

Applicants will receive a Permit, by applying to any of the Directors, and be admitted to the Home, provided their discharge papers are approved by the Surgeon.

R. C. LOOMIS, President.
ORMSBY PHILLIPS, Sec'y.

Thos. Bakewell, N. Holmes, W. S. Haven, Wm. McCreery, nov22'65.
C. W. Batchelor, John Watt, Jno. W. Chalfant, G. L. B. Fetterman.

VARIETIES,

TOYS AND BOOKS,

AT

B. MULHEIM'S

BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is now receiving NEW GOODS in the line of all the various TOYS and VARIETY GOODS for the Fall and COMING HOLIDAYS. Having purchased in the Eastern cities at low prices, he can sell cheaper than any house in Pittsburg.

In connection with his collection of Variety Goods, he keeps Stationery of all kinds, Oil Cloths of all patterns, School Books of all descriptions and prices, Albums, Looking Glasses, Blank Books of all sizes, Day Books, Ledgers, Pens, Pencils, in short everything usually kept in a Variety store. [nov27:1y

HEALY'S
PATENT SELF-ACTING Wagon Brake.

THE subscriber will canvass Beaver county, in the order of Townships, to sell the right to use, make and vend,

Healy's Pt. Self-acting Wagon-Brake,

an invention perfect in every respect, for the use of all kinds of Wagons, Carriages and Buggies. It is a perfect regulation to every vehicle to which it is attached, acting alike prompt and certain under all circumstances, on all kinds of roads, by night as well as by day, with the greatest safety, ease and comfort to horse and passenger, without any attention whatever from the driver. I will sell individual rights to use this patent brake, or Township and Borough to Mechanics.

Beaver, Nov. 22'65 C. LUDWICK.

CHAS. B. HURST
Banker and Broker,

AND DEALER IN

Real Estate, Stocks, Government Bonds, and other Securities.

INSURANCE & CLAIM AGENT,

Conveyancer & General Agent.

THE subscriber having opened an office at Rochester, (in the room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune) respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general.

Particular attention given to the adjustment of Officers' accounts, and ALL claims arising out of the present war, such as *Pensions, Patents, Bounties, Arrears of Pay, Prize Money, &c., &c.*

Being agent for the Ætna Insurance Co. of Hartford, Ct., the North America of Philadelphia, and the Manufacturers' & Merchants' of Pittsburg, I will issue policies in either of the companies named.

Farms, houses and lots for sale.

Shares in the oil lands of the celebrated Isl and Run region for sale, where every well has proved a success. Also shares in wells producing or under way, and leases.

I will also sell my residence in Rochester, beautifully situated, and within a few minutes walk of the Ohio river and Railway stations. Terms liberal.

Deeds drawn up and acknowledged.

Fire risks taken in first class Insurance Companies.

Revenue stamps always on hand.

Refers to John A. Caughey, Jos. Plummer, Wm. H. Smith & Co., Pittsburg.

CHAS. B. HURST.
Rochester, Nov. 29, '65

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

Wednesday, December 20th, 1865, at o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate of George W. Fulton, late of the boro' of New Brighton, in said county, dec'd., viz: All that piece of land situate in the boro' of Rochester, and county of Beaver, being part of out-lot No. 57, the same being lot No. 525 of subdivision—beginning at the north-east corner of said lot upon Adams street, thence west on the south side of Adams street 150 feet to Massachusetts street, thence south 50 feet to the north-east corner of lot No. 522, thence east by said lot 150 feet to an alley, thence north along said alley 50 feet to the place of beginning, with the appurtenances.

Terms made known on day of sale.
nov22'65 AGNEW DUFF, Adm'r.

FOR SALE—

That well-known and beautiful SUMMER RESORT AND WATER CURE ESTABLISHMENT, in Phillipsburg, Beaver county, Pa. Domestic affairs compel me to dispose of the above named property at very low and easy terms. For further particulars, inquire at B. McLAIN & CO.'S, 102 Fourth st, Pittsburg
nov22:2t H. W. CIMMIOTTI.

POSITIVE SALE
OF NEW DRY GOODS,
AT
F. A. FORTUNE'S,
IN ROCHESTER.

One case Good Dark Prints, Only 10 cents.

One case best Dark Prints, Only 16 cents.

One case 3-4 Bleached Muslins, Only 20 cents.

One bale of Unbleached Muslins, Only 20 cents.

These Goods are the Greatest Bargains of the Season.

20 pieces all wool barred miners' Flannels, only 50 cents.

50 pieces barred country Flandels, only 75 cts.

4-4 feather Ticking, only 60 cents.

Best 4-4 bleached Muslin, 40 cents.

20 pieces 5-4 Wool Delaines, all colors, only $1,30; worth $1,87.

20 pieces best double twilled Merinos, all colors, only $1,50; worth $2.

Boys' Shoes, only 50 cents.
Boys' Heavy Brogans, $1,00.
Boys' Heavy Winter Boots, only $1,50.
Men's Hats, from $1,25 upward.

MILLINERY GOODS
BREAKFAST SHAWLS
NOTIONS
NUBIAS
SONTAGS
HOODS &c.

Very Cheap.

SHAWLS,
BLANKETS,
PANT STUFFS, and
DOMESTICS.

Lower than can be had elsewhere.

GOOD UNION CASSIMERES
FOR WINTER WEAR,
Only 45 cents.

We do not wish to advertise worthless goods or articles calculated to deceive the readers of the Argus, and when we say these goods are better and cheaper than can be had elsewhere, we mean it; and being thankful for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed, we solicit a continuance of the same at our large and well arranged Room in the Diamond.

Come and see for yourselves, before purchasing.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

All Goods warranted New and Fresh.

2,000 remnants at only 25 cents per yard

REMEMBER THE PLACE

F. A. Fortune's
CELEBRATED
DRY GOODS,
SHOE, AND
NOTION STORE,
NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.
ROCHESTER, PA.

JERSEY SWEET POTATOES AND CRANBERRIES, received and for sale by SEELEY & SHALLENBERGER, Bridgewater.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

November 29th, 1865.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

☞ Let others say what they will, we think Beatwick, in New Brighton, keeps the best cooking stoves and articles of every kind in his line. Let those who differ go and see.

☞ John Glass, Esq., of New Brighton, issued a warrant last week for Osborne, who keeps the Saloon in the Huron House, for selling liquor contrary to law, &c. The defendant escaped.

Sentenced.—Marschall and Frecke, the Boyd's Hill murderers, and Mrs Grinder, the poisoner, were last week sentenced to be hung. The day for the execution has not yet been fixed by the Governor.

Washington County Oil Strike.—The U. S. Oil company have struck a vein of oil at a depth of 460 feet, on Pike run, Washington county, about two miles from the Monongahela river.

A Big Strike.—A correspondent states that a big strike was made last week on the Miller Farm, about four miles below Franklin, on the Allegheny. The lowest estimate is 500 to 800 barrels per day.

☞ Chamberlin's Drug Store, in Rochester, is a favorite resort for those who wish to purchase good drugs, chemicals, &c. Mr. Chamberlin keeps good drugs, and is a pleasant man to do business with.

☞ The Court last week issued a rule on a defaulting juror to appear and show cause why he should not be fined for his non-attendance. This should be a warning to jurors not to disregard the summons of the Court, as the penalty of the law will be visited upon all such, unless their excuse is sufficient.

Appointment of Pension Agent.—Major James A Gregor has been appointed Pension Agent for Western Pennsylvania, the position being rendered vacant several weeks since, by the death of W. K. Pierce, Esq. Major McG. will enter upon the discharge of his duties on the first of December.

Fatal Accident.—On Monday night of last week, a drover named Henry Kenan, hailing from Sandusky, Ohio, was run over by a locomotive on the Pennsylvania railroad, at the East Liberty Stock Yards, and so badly injured that he died soon after. Kenan was a young man about 20 years of age, and was engaged in stock dealing.

☞ The largest fly-wheel in the world has just been cast at the Fort Pitt Works, in Pittsburg. The molten iron was conducted from the furnace across one of the streets of the city, a distance of one hundred and sixty-three feet, to the mould. The diameter of the wheel is twenty-five feet, and the weight forty-two tuns.

Gone to Washington.—Hon. G. V. Lawrence, our Member of Congress, left for Washington last week. His health is much improved, and we trust he will be able to enter upon the discharge of his duties at the opening of the session without danger to himself. This District never had a better Representative as his career, if spared to the close of his term of office, will prove.

☞ Our readers, and especially parents, teachers, and profane swearers, should not fail to read the sermon on our first page. The prevalence of the sin discussed is indeed alarming, and it is high time more serious efforts were made to check it. The sermon was preached in the M. E. Church, Beaver, by Rev. S. Burt, Pastor, and published by request.

☞ The Concert which came off at Hookstown, on last Thursday, for the benefit of the Presbyterian and U. P. Churches, was, we are informed, a decided success. The receipts amounted to nearly one hundred dollars. To S. W. Miller and Mrs. John Trimble, under whose auspices it was conducted, great praise is due. The music, both vocal and instrumental, was excellent, and reflected credit on the performers.

Daily Paper in Allegheny.—A new daily paper, called the Times, has recently been established in Allegheny City, with Mr. R. Theophilus as editor and proprietor. In his "bow" to the public the editor says: "We do not intend to dabble much in politics, but reserve to ourselves, the right of independent criticism on events as they transpire." A daily paper has long been needed in Allegheny, and we wish the editor success in his new enterprise.

The Eight Hour System.—A Mass meeting of the workingmen of Pittsburg was held recently, for the purpose of taking action in favor of the reduction of the day's labor from ten to eight hours. Speeches were made and various committees appointed: The committee reported resolutions declaring in favor of the movement, pledging the workingmen to use their utmost efforts to educate the public sentiment to the endorsement of the principle, to petition the next Legislature to take action in regard to the matter, and calling upon every mechanic to aid the movement. The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Prof. Ambuhl.—We must be allowed to congratulate the Music Pupils of Beaver Seminary on having provided for them so agreeable and intelligent a gentleman for their teacher. This gentleman is classically educated, and holds testimonials from the first performers and amateurs of the country, among whom are Mason, the first American Pianist, and Gottschalk, the most popular Foreigner that has ever visited our shores. He was educated in Switzerland, which is a guarantee that his preparation has been thorough, and that what is done by his class will be done efficiently. We will close these remarks by clipping from a number of Godey's Magazine a notice of Prof. Ambuhl, to whose musical department he had contributed, which appeared there on his entering a former field of labor:

Prof. Edward Ambuhl.—This gentleman, well known to our musical friends as one of the best of our correspondents, has been appointed to the musical Professorship in Mount Allison's Ladies' Academy, Sackville, New Brunswick, a flourishing institution, which has done its pupils manifest justice in this appointment. We predict that the standard of musical education in the Academy will be materially advanced henceforth, as the Professor is not merely the graceful and pleasing composer which he is known to many of the Godey patrons, but a brilliant performer, and thorough musician and instructer as well.

Broke Jail.—On Sunday evening last, says the New Castle Gazette, of the 24th instant, four of Sheriff McConnell's boarders took "french leave." The Sheriff offers a reward of $500 for them. We are told, not having seen the Sheriff, that the parting was very affecting, consisting of squeezes, &c.

—Since the above was put in type, we have received the *Journal* of Saturday, which gives the following account of the escape and description of the prisoners: On Sunday evening last Sheriff M'Connell was knocked down while attending to his official duties about the jail, and four prisoners made their escape.—When the Sheriff opened the jail door, one of the prisoners threw a stone and then rushed on him when a general tussle ensued, during which time the Sheriff shot at Lykens, inflicting a wound. Thus far they have made good their escape. Below we give a description and rewards offered for their apprehension and delivery to the Jail of Lawrence county, Pa.

Thomas Lykens, of Marion county, Ohio, committed for an assault and battery and lasciency; he is about 5 feet 10 inches high, slender built, dark complexion, black hair, mustache; went without a hat, and had on a blue blouse—may be wounded with a pistol shot; about 25 years old. $150 Reward.

Albert Curtis, about 5 feet 8 inches high, heavy built, dark complexion, probably 25 years old, some negro blood in him, pimples on his face, his residence was in Shenango township, Mercer county; was in prison on charge of Horse Stealing—had on a frock or half sack coat. $150 Reward.

Peter Miller, was charged with larceny; 5 feet 9 or 10 inches in height, heavy built, an Irishman by birth, dark complexion, dark hair—had on a short sack brown coat, slouch hat. $100 Reward.

Umphry Conklin, goes by the name of Jim; charged with larceny; about 5 feet 8 inches high, slender built, light hair and complexion, has a scar on his left arm caused probably by a burn, had on when left a long dark frock coat; of Irish descent; 25 or 30 years old.—$100 Reward.

Healy's Self-Acting Wagon-Brake.—C. Ludwick, Esq., of Allegheny county, who has the right of this invention for this county, is in town exhibiting its practical operations. A large number of our citizens, among whom were many mechanics, examined the patent last week, and all agree that it is beyond a doubt the best invention of the kind ever made. It is a self acting brake, requiring no attention from the driver, and yet performing the duty assigned far more perfectly than was ever done by any other appliance. As an improvement, its completeness cannot be over estimated. It is, in fact, so far as we are able to judge, perfect in its adaptation and working. We took a short ride with Mr. Ludwick and witnessed for ourselves the practical working of the brake. Without either effort or attention from the driver, the brake was thrown on at every hill or descent, and off the moment it was passed. It doubtless will and certain should, do away eventually with the brake now in use. Mr. Ludwick intends canvassing the county during the winter, and our readers will all have an opportunity to examine it for themselves. They will then see how simple, yet how perfect, is the invention. It can as readily be applied to old wagons, carriages and buggies as to new ones, and costs less than the brake in general use. We recommend Mr. Ludwick to the citizens of our county as a pleasant, intelligent gentleman of high standing in the community in which he resides, and worthy, as we trust he will receive, favorable reception from all.

☞ The Steam Mill at Industry, belonging to William and S. B. Briggs, was totally destroyed by fire on Wednesday evening. The fire caught in the third story, from friction of Smut Machine, and when discovered was too hot to extinguish it. A large amount of grain was destroyed. The loss is estimated at from twelve to fourteen thousand dollars, on which there was an insurance of five thousand. The loss to the community is great, and we sympathise sincerely with the owners in their still greater loss.

—Since writing the above, S. B. Briggs, Esq., called upon us and informed us that the loss is even larger than we have given it.—About thirty-five hundred bushels of grain was destroyed. We were glad to learn from him they intend to re-build next summer; to enable them to do so, they request all indebted, to call at once and settle, by note or otherwise.

A Swindle.—A fellow called at a store, in Pottstown, says the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, a few days ago, and purchased goods to the amount of $2, and representing himself as short of change, presented a $100 U. S. Compound Interest note in payment. The merchant took the bill, returned the change, and the purchaser left. A few days after the bill was discovered to be counterfeit—one so well executed as to lead to the belief that it was printed on one of the genuine plates. The face of the note was perfect, but the back was printed with ink somewhat paler than the bright green on the good notes. The dodge practised by this fellow is a common one among sharpers, and business men should keep a look out for similar attempts.

☞ We call the attention of disabled soldiers and sailors to the advertisement of the Pittsburg Sanitary Soldiers' Home, in another column. The managers are preparing to accommodate a large number, free of charge. To soldiers and sailors who have been wounded or disabled, this indeed will be gratifying. Dr. King has charge of the Hospital, assisted by experienced nurses. The managers do not ask any money from the public, but will accept donations of fruits, jellies, pickles, &c.

Delinquents, Take Notice!—"Tell me, angelic host, ye messengers of love, shall swindled printers here below have no redress above?" The shining angel band replied, "To us is knowledge given—delinquents on the printer's books can never enter Heaven."

☞ Reader, do you want to buy a good house and three good lots? If so, see the advertisement of Capt. May, in another column.

Court Proceedings.

The whole time of the Court last week, until Friday afternoon, was taken up with Commonwealth cases. The first case was

Com. vs Frank Cokonour and Lewis Marker—indicted for Rape and attempt to commit the same. Verdict, not guilty. This was a peculiar case. The defendants were aged respectively eleven and sixteen years; the prosecutrix nine years.

Same vs Mary Partington and Sarah Partington. Indicted for Assault and Battery upon Mary N. and Mary J. Gallagher. Verdict, guilty in both cases. Defendants being called, and not answering, recognizance forfeited.

Same vs Mary N. Gallagher. Defendant discharged on verdict of jury. Plea on abatement.

Same vs Charles Tea and Richard Tea. Indicted for Assault and Battery. Same vs Daniel McKee, Jr. dicted for same. Cross suits; tried together. Verdict, guilty as to the Teas, not guilty as to McKee, and the Teas to pay the costs.

Same vs Murford. Indicted for Larceny—stealing horse and buggy. Defendant not appearing, his recognizance was forfeited, and the amount ($300) paid into Court and distributed.

Same vs Benjamin James. Indicted for selling liquor contrary to law. Defendant plead guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs of prosecution.

The application for new trial in the case of Alfred Campbell vs Rebecca Campbell's Adm'r., argued some time since, was refused.

Eb. B. Martin, convicted the first week of Court for seduction, etc., not appearing for sentence, his recognizance was forfeited.

The Profit of Butchers.—The Ebensburg *Alleghenian*, after exposing the tricks of the butter venders, opens upon the butchers, and gives the following as an estimate of their profits, and the result of the calculation will doubtless prove too small a figure to judge our own butchers' clear gain from the unwarranted high prices: "A butcher buys a beef for six cents a pound live weight. The rule is that half the gross weight of a beef is lost in preparing it for market—or, in other words, that the clean meat of a beef is only one-half its gross weight. Let us say the beef weighs 800 pounds; it costs the butcher gross $48. He butchers it, realizing 400 pounds of clean meat, which he sells in market for 16 cents a pound round, or for $64. The hide he sells to the tanner for $8, and the tallow he sells for $10. Gross receipts, $80—a net profit on the beef of $32, which is unmistakably a nice thing for the butcher, and the price of fresh meat, as it now stands, is a swindle upon the public."

Attempt to Break Jail.—John Lennox, now confined in the Washington Jail, charged with the murder of Robert J. Morrow, made a desperate effort to escape from jail on Sunday night, 19th inst. He sawed the bars of his cell window through with a knife, escaped into the yard, and before attempting to scale the wall put the lights out in the yard. The watchman, on discovering that the light were extinguished, aroused the Sheriff, when it was found that Lennox was not in his cell. The Sheriff, after examining the jail yard, supposed that the prisoner had made good his escape, and telegraphed the fact of his escape to the police of this city and Wheeling, got out an advertisement offering a reward for his re-arrest, and was about retiring to bed, at three o'clock in the morning, when Lennox was discovered in the act of cutting his way through the jail yard wall. He had secured himself in the sink, while the officers were searching for him, and when all was quiet again came forth and went vigorously to work to knock a hole in the wall. He would soon have succeeded in his efforts. He was secured and placed under guard.

☞ We called a few day since at the New Grocery and Queensware Store of Stiles & Shallenberger, Hurst's old stand, Bridgewater, and were surprised to find it so extensive and so well patronized. Without doing injustice to any, we can safely say it is the largest and best store of the kind in the county. Their assortment of Queensware embraces almost everything desired in the family. They are doing a large business, and if they continue as they have commenced, will stop the trade that now goes to Pittsburg.

☞ Winter is approaching, and from every indication, it will be severe. We would advise our readers to prepare fuel and other necessaries in anticipation, and by all means furnish a good cooking stove for the kitchen. Look to the comfort of your wives first of all. When you determine to cast aside your old worn out stoves and get a better one, then go to Beatwick's, in New Brighton, and he will furnish you with an article that will keep them comfortable and in a good humor, no matter how long or how cold the winter may last or be.

How Advertising Pays.—The New York *Tribune*, in reply to a Boston correspondent, says that a single druggist, doing business in New York, is paying the *Tribune* over $10,000 a year for advertising. It says:

"He paid us $1,500 for one insertion of one page in the Weekly *Tribune*, besides his column in the Daily. Bonner once paid us $3,000 for one insertion of an advertisement of the *Ledger*. He knew that by judicious advertising he could insure a fortune. The old prejudice among druggists and physicians against advertising is dying out, and they, as well as others, see that the cheapest mode whereby they can make themselves and their medicine known to the public, is by a wise and liberal system of advertising."

☞ We call attention to the advertisement of B. Mulheim, in another column. He keeps constantly on hand a large supply of varieties, toys, wall paper and books, all of which he sells at low prices. He is an accommodating gentleman, and in all his dealings strictly honest. If you want anything in his line call at his store in Bridgewater.

☞ Charles F. Browne, better known as "Artemus Ward," will lecture and exhibit his panorama at White Hall, New Castle, this (Wednesday) evening, and at Masonic Hall, in Pittsburgh, on Thursday and Friday evenings.

MARRIED:

Nov. 21st, 1865, by Rev. Geo. Scott, D. D., Mr. Joseph F. Cook, and Miss. M. A. Lizzie Brittain, both of Beaver county, Pa.

MAXIMILLIAN

ON THE EVE OF

LEAVING MEXICO!

BUT GEALY IS STILL IN BRIDGEWATER, AT HIS

NEW MILLINERY,

TRIMMING

AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

Corner of Bridge and Market streets, Bridgewater,

MILLINERY.

Bonnets, silk and straw; Hats, Silk, Felt and straw.

Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, Plumes;

Hat and Bonnet ornaments, Fancy headdresses, old ladies caps, &c.

TRIMMINGS.

Plain and bugle Gimps, Cords, plain and tinsel, Buttons, all kinds, cloak ornaments.

Collars, all kinds, jaconet and Swiss edgings and flouncings, infants' scarfs, balmoral and hoop skirts, fancy baskets, &c.

Hosiery & Gloves,

WOOLEN GOODS.

Zephyr Knit Shawls, English Breakfast Capes, Sontags, Hoods, Nubias, Infants' Woolen Talmas, &c.

FURS! FURS!

A large stock, at extremely low prices.

SHOES.

A splendid lot, selling very cheap. *Seeing is believing!*

LOOK AT THE PRICES!

Morocco,	worth	$3,00,	at	$2,25
Peble calf	do	2,75	do	2,00
Scotch cut	do	2,50	do	1,95
Polish cut	do	2,62	do	2,15
Full calf	do	2,85	do	2,25

Children's, from 25c to $1,50.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and making.

Silk and Velvet Bonnets Altered in Latest Styles—Straw Bonnets and Hats Altered and Colored.

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS

☞ Remember the place—room formerly occupied by MRS. REES' (opposite the store of A. C. Hurst), Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

THE

ENTERPRISE INSURANCE Co.

400 *Walnut st, Philadelphia.*

Capital—paid up in full.....$200,000 00

Assets. June 28, 1865:

Bonds and mortgages—all first liens on real estate in Philadelphia...	$223,466 81
Ground rents—on real est do:.....	7,400 00
United States Loans.....	58,399 99
Girard bank stock.....	2,525 00
Phila. city 6 per ct Loan.....	4,080 00
Real estate—office building, &c...	38,134 71
Cash in bank and on hand.....	4,398 57
Due by agents.....	6,814 20
Interest accrued, but not due.....	4,005 21
Interest due and unpaid.....	684 00
	$349,908 49

Term and perpetual insurances effected by this company at as low rates of premium, as safety to the company and to the insured will admit. F. RETCHFORD STARR, Pres.

THOS. H. MONTGOMERY, V. Pres't.

B. LOCKWOOD, Sec'y.

oct26 JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't, Beaver, Pa.

A. C. BARLOW, M. D.,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

HAVING permanently located in BEAVER tenders his professional services to the citizens of Beaver and adjoining villages and country. Having had twenty years experience (over four years as an army Surgeon) he feels competent to command the confidence of those who may wish his services.

Calls, day or night, promptly attended

☞ Office in the National Hotel building, where he may be found at all hours, day or night, when not professionally engaged.

sep20'65

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST.

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [nov15:3m

BOSS BROTHER, & Co's. Extra Chemics Writing Fluid, the best in the world at the Bridgewater Drug Store. Try it and be convinced. Manufactured by the American Ink Company

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE REGULATING PILLS

Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression.—They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or immoderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Flushes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect speedy cure.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but Ladies must bear in mind that there is *one condition* of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a *peculiar result*. The condition referred to is *pregnancy*—the result, *miscarriage*. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it. *They cannot do harm* in any other way.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Are the *only medicine* that *married and single ladies* have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *Beware of imitations!* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward*, with *immediate and persistent success*.—DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you *want the best and most reliable Female Medicine in the world*, which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!

They have received, and are now receiving the sanction of the most *eminent* Physicians in America.

Explicit Directions with each Box—the price, ONE DOLLAR per box, containing from 50 to 60 pills.

Pills, sent *by mail, promptly*, by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorized Agent, in current funds. *Sold by Druggists generally.*

HUTCHINGS & HILLIER, *Proprietors*,

81 Cedar street, New York.

☞ Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. S. Smith, Bridgewater; Dr. Marquis and J. H. Hannen, Rochester; John Moore, Beaver, and by all Druggists at New Brighton. [nov23:1y

BIOKRENE

OR

LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK! YOUTH TO THE AGED!

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

Biokrene

Cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most *delightful, desirable and novel* effect upon the nervous system; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their *natural vigor*, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

Biokrene.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Dispairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weakness of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief to Dyspepsia when the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One dollar per Bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by Druggist generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, *Proprietors*,

81 Cedar Street, New York.

☞ Sold at Marquis' Drug store, Rochester, one door below Post Office, and wholesale and retail by Dr. Smith, Bridgewater Beaver county. [nov23:1

NIAGARA

FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OF NEW YORK CITY.

Capital stock.....	$1,000,000 00
Surplus.....	246,831 84
Total Assets:.....	$1,246,831 80

Settlement of the affairs on the 12th Dec. '64:

Capital stock.....	$1,000,000 00
Liabilities.....	5,517 50
Surplus.....	241,313 80
	$1,246,831 80

ASSETS:

Cash in bank and in office.....	$ 61,971 12
Bonds and mortgages.....	275,600 00
Stock loans, amply secured.....	426,410 00
Bonds and stocks owned by the Co	452,672 37
Interest accrued.....	18,858 03
Premiums in course of collection...	8,112 50
Othe securities.....	3,207 28
Total Assets.....	$1,246,831 80

The Dividends declared since the organization of the company, Aug. 1st, 1850, 242 pr ct.

JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't,

oct25 Beaver, Pa.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."

"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY,

SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

Critical Notices of the Press.

"The best Family Paper published in the United States."—*New London Advertiser.*

"The MODEL NEWSPAPER of our country—complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper—HARPER'S WEEKLY has earned for itself a right to its title 'A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION.'"—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

"This Paper furnishes *the best illustrations*. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers, and painters, and publishers are turned to dust."—*New York Evangelist.*

"A necessity in every household."—*Boston Transcript.*

"It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation."—*Phila. Press.*

"The best of its class in America."—*Boston Traveller.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

1866.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication. Postmasters and others desirous of getting up Clubs will be supplied with a handsome pictoral Show-bill on application.

The postage on HARPER'S WEEKLY is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the *subscriber's* post-office.

Terms:

HARPER'S WEEKLY one year..... $4 00

An Extra Copy of either the WEEKLY *or* MAGAZINE *will be supplied gratis of every Club of* FIVE SUBSCRIBERS *at* $4 00 *each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for* $20 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied, at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 each. *A complete set*, comprising *Eight Volumes* sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., *freight at expense of purchaser*. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,

FRANKLIN SQUARE, New York.

"Unquestionably the best Sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S

NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Critical Notices of the Press.

It is the foremost Magazine of the day.—The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more enterprising friend, than Harper's Magazine.—*Methodist Protestant* (Baltimore).

The most popular Monthly in the World.—*New York Observer.*

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellent of HARPER'S MAGAZINE—a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American People; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood-cuts; and it combines in itself the racy monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of the daily. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—TRUBNER'S *Guide to American Literature, London.*

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as cannot be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—*Boston Courier.*

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1866.

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The postage on HARPER'S MAGAZINE is 24 cents a year which must be paid at the *Subscriber's* post-office.

Terms:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year.....$4 00

An Extra copy of either the MAGAZINE or WEEKLY will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each in one remittance; or Six Copies for $20 00.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set, now comprising Twenty-nine Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,

FRANKLIN SQUARE, NEW YORK.

Fall & Winter

DRY GOODS!

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

NO. 25 FIFTH ST.,

Invite the attention of buyers to their large assortment of

25 | DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, CLOAKS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, WHITE GOODS, TABLE LINENS, TOWELINGS, SHIRTINGS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS, | 25

Fifth st., Fifth st.

Which they are selling at reasonable prices.

WHITE, ORR & Co,

nov14:tf 25 Fifth st., Pittsburg.

The peculiar taint or infection which we call SCROFULA lurks in the constitutions of millitudes of men. It either produces or is produced by an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, wherein that fluid becomes incompetent to sustain the vital forces in their vigorous action, and leaves the system to fall into disorder and decay. The scrofulous contamination is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered digestion from unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." The diseases it originates take various names, according to the organs it attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tubercles, and finally Consumption; in the glands, swellings which suppurate and become ulcerous sores; in the stomach and bowels, derangements which produce indigestion, dyspepsia, and liver complaints; on the skin, eruptive and cutaneous affections. These, all having the same origin, require the same remedy, viz., purification and invigoration of the blood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous distempers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted blood, you cannot have health; with that "life of the flesh" healthy, you cannot have scrofulous disease.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

is compounded from the most effectual antidotes that medical science has discovered for this afflicting distemper, and for the cure of the disorders it entails. That it is far superior to any other remedy yet devised, is known by all who have given its trial. That it does combine virtues truly extraordinary in their effect upon this class of complaints, is indisputably proven by the great multitude of publicly known and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases: King's Evil, or Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Sores, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Coughs from tuberculous deposits in the lungs, White Swellings, Debility, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Syphilis and Syphilitic Infections, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses, and, indeed, the whole series of complaints that arise from impurity of the blood. Minute reports of individual cases may be found in AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC, which is furnished to the druggists for gratuitous distribution, wherein may be learned the directions for its use, and some of the remarkable cures which it has made when all other remedies had failed to afford relief. Those cases are purposely taken from all sections of the country, in order that every reader may have access to some one who can speak to him of its benefits from personal experience. Scrofula depresses the vital energies, and thus leaves its victims far more subject to disease and its fatal results than are healthy constitutions. Hence it tends to shorten, and does greatly shorten, the average duration of human life. The vast importance of these considerations has led us to spend years in perfecting a remedy which is adequate to its cure. This we now offer to the public under the name of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, although it is compored of ingredients, some of which exceed the best of *Sarsaparilla* in alterative power. By its aid you may protect yourself from the suffering and danger of these disorders. Purge out the foul corruptions that rot and fester in the blood, purge out the causes of disease, and vigorous health will follow. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus expels the distempers which lurk within the system or burst out on any part of it.

We know the public have been deceived by many compounds of *Sarsaparilla*, that promised much and did nothing; but they will neither be deceived nor disappointed in this. Its virtues have been proven by abundant trial, and there remains no question of its surpassing excellence for the cure of the afflicting diseases it is intended to reach. Although under the same name, it is a very different medicine from any other which has been before the people, and is far more effectual than any other which has ever been available to them.

AYER'S

CHERRY PECTORAL,

The World's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

This has been so long used and so universally known, that we need do no more than assure the public that its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do all it has ever done.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists every where.

☞ Sold by J. Moore, Beaver; Dr. Smith, Bridgewater; S. J. Cross, Rochester; Dr. Sargent, New Brighton; and by dealers every where. nov9'64

INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS.

The Travelers' Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD CONN.

CAPITAL.....$500,000.

Insurance Against Accidents of Every Description.

GENERAL ACCIDENT POLICIES for $500 in case of fatal accident, or $3 per week compensation while disabled by accident, may be had for an annual premium of THREE DOLLARS.

TEN DOLLARS ANNUAL PREMIUM secures a Policy for $2,000, or $10 per week compensation, for any kind of disabling accident, whether traveling or otherwise, at the *ordinary* rate—$12 at *special* rate.

TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS PREMIUM secures a policy for $5,000, with $25 per week compensation, at *ordinary* rate—$30 premium at *special* rate.

FIFTY DOLLARS PREMIUM secures a full Policy for $10,000, with $50 per week compensation at the *ordinary* rate—$60 premium at *special* rate.

☞ Policies written for any sum from $500 to $10,000, and for three or five years; also for Foreign, West India or California travel. Hazardous Risks taken at Hazardous Rates. No medical examination required.—Policies written by the Company's Agents.

Over three Hundred Claims for Compensation

Had been paid by the TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY, up to August 1st, 1865, and about *Twenty Thousand Policies* issued.

JAMES G. BATTERSON, Pres't.

RODNEY DENNIS, Sec'y.

J. McCLURE, Agent,

oct25'65. Beaver, Pa.

ATTENTION!

I HAVE constantly on hand a supply of the Putnam (Iron Frame) Clothes Wringer, and would call attention to the Manufacturer's advertisement for the Universal Clothes Wringer, W. G. Wolf, Agent. Mr. W. having removed from the State and transferred his machines to me, I will keep a constant supply.

Also, constantly on hand, Crude oil by the barrel and crude oil burners.

oct26 JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't. Beaver.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

VIZ.

THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW (Conserv.)
THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig.)
THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Radical.)
THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free-Church.)
AND
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory.

The American Publishers continue to reprint the above-named periodicals, but as the cost of printing has *doubled*, the price of paper nearly *trebled*, and taxes, duties, licenses, etc., largely increased, they are compelled to advance their terms as follows:

TERMS FOR1865.

For any one of the Reviews—.....	$4,00
For any two of the Reviews.....	7,00
For any three of the Reviews.....	10,00
For all four of the Reviews.....	12,00
For Blackwood's Magazine.....	4,00
For Blackwood and one Review.....	7,00
For Blackwood and any two Reviews....	10,00
For Blackwood and three Reviews.....	13,00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews....	15,00

The works will be printed on a *greatly improved quality of paper*, and while nearly all American Periodicals are either advanced in price or reduced in size—and very generally both—*we* shall continue to give faithful copies of *all* the matters contained in the original editions. Hence, our present prices will be found as cheap, for the amount of matter furnished, as those of any of the competing periodicals in this country.

Compared with the cost of the originals editions, which at the present premium on gold would be about $100 a year, our prices ($15) are *exceedingly low*. Add to this the fact that we make our annual payments to the British Publishers for early sheets and copyright *in Gold*—$1 costing us at this time (Jan. 1865) nearly $2,50 in currency—and we trust that in the scale we have adopted we shall be entirely justified by our subscribers and the reading public.

The interest of these Periodicals to American readers is rather increased than diminished by the articles they contain on our *Civil War*, and though sometimes tinged with prejudice, they may still, considering their great abilility and the different stand-points from which they are written, be read and studied with advantage by the people of this country, of every creed and party.

THE FOUR REVIEWS for 1863.

A few copies of the above remain on hand, and will be sold at $5 for the whole four, or $2 for any one.

We also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE.

By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 pages and numerous Engravings.

PRICE $7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, $8.

LEONARD SCOLT & CO., Publishers,
No. 38 Walker Street, New York.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Col. JAMES Q. ANDERSON, late of the Boro' of Beaver, Beaver co., Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HUGH ANDERSON, Adm'r.,
nov15'65 Beaver.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of AARON HOOD, late of Greene township, Beaver county, Penna., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

GIBSON HOOD, Adm'r.,
nov1 6'65 Greene tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAS. L. M'CREERY, late of Beaver boro', Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBT. M'CREERY, Adm'r.,
nov15'65 Beaver.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of JOHN TEETS, dec'd., late of New Sewickly twp., Beaver county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CHRISTINA C. TEETS, Ex'rx.
nov15 New Sewickly tp.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of adminstration on the estate of THOMAS STEVENSON, late of Hanover township, Beaver County, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES STEVENSON,
oct11'65. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the state of JAMES FERGUSON, late of Pulaski tp., Beaver county, Pa, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

EDWARD HOOPS, } Ex'rs.
nov8 JAS. C. FERGUSON, }

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, letters testamentary on the estate of ALICE DEAN, late of New Sewickly tp, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

REUBEN HENDRICKSON, Ex'r.,
nov1'65 Economy tp.

COAL!

I WILL deliver to the citizens of Rochester, Bridgewater, Beaver and vicinity, a good quality of Coal, at the shortest notice. Wagons can at any time, be supplied at the Bank, on M'Kinley's run, adjoining the bank of, Wm. Porter, Esq. J. C. MOLTER,
nov8 Bridgewater.

FOR SALE:

WHEELER'S Patent Water Drawers
Extra Chain for do do
do Buckets for do do
Weights and Iron Wheels;
Dry lumber of all kinds;
Flooring, Siding, Shingles and Lath constantly kept on hand.
Building timber sawed to order without delay. JAS. & H. DARRAGH.
aug30'65:3t Sharon Mills.

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST.

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [nov15:3m

IF you want to buy Pure Drugs, Medicine and Chemicals, go to Moore's Drug Store

AT CHAMBERLIN'S DRUG STORE IN ROCHESTER,

Can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS, and
FINE LIQUORS;

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,
PAINTS,
LINSEED OIL,
NEAT'S FOOT OIL,
SPERM OIL,
LARD OIL,
AND
PURE AND SECOND QUALITY
WHITE LEAD:

ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS,
ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,
THE BEST PERFUMERY,
FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,
AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS
FOR THE HAIR,

All of which is offered at low prices, notwithstanding late advances.

☞ Attention of Physicians is also called, whose prescriptions will be accurately compounded at all hours.

STORE IN THE DIAMOND,

Next door to Fortune's Dry Goods store.

GIVE ME A CALL, ONE AND ALL.
oct25:1y

NEW STORE!!

JOHN STILES.....WM. S. SHALLENBERGER.

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,

DEALERS IN

FAMILY GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
Country Produce,
(HURST'S OLD STAND)

BRIDGEWATER, PA.

HAVING refitted the large brick storeroom formerly occupied by A. C. Hurst, where we have received and opened a full assortment of such articles as are usually kept in a first-class Grocery, we respectfully invite all purchasing Goods in our line to call and examine our stock. We are determined to keep everything of the best quality the markets will afford, and to sell at prices at least as low as the same character of Goods can be bought for in this vicinity Our stock of Queensware is large and well selected, and will be sold low.

FLOUR AND FEED
constantly on hand; also a fine lot of
CANNED FRUITS & PICKLES,
Nails, Window Glass, &c.,
together with a variety of
Toilet Articles and Notions.

All kinds of country produce wanted, for which the highest market prices will be paid in cash or goods. Remember the place—
STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S
Family Grocery, (Hurst's Old stand,)
oct19:3m BRIDGEWATER.

New Shoe Store IN BEAVER!

ROBERT TALLON WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to his customers and friends generally, that he has just opened a

New Shoe Store in Beaver,

and is now ready to supply the public with the best assortment of

MEN'S,
BOYS',
LADIES' and
CHILDREN'S WEAR

ever brought to this county. Ladies shoes of all kinds and best qualities. They were bought on advantageous terms, and will be sold at reduced rates.

☞ Come and see, one and all. We cannot be undersold.

☞ Store one door East of I. N. Atkins' Clothing Store. oct4

ITCH! ITCH!! ITCH!!!
Scratch! Scratch!! Scratch!!
WHEATON'S OINTMENT

WILL CURE THE ITCH IN 48 HOURS.

ALSO cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, Mass., it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.
sept20'65—6mos.

C. A. DECARME,

TOBACCONIST,
COR. DIAMOND & THIRD ST.

TOBACCO & SNUFF always on hand.—Cigars manufactured and furnished to retailers at lowest prices. [my3:3m

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

The Best, Most Reliable Sewing Machine Now in Use!

These Machines make the lock-stich alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silks that the single or double thread loop-stitch Machines do. It will Stitch, Hem, Fell, Quilt, Tuck, Plait, Gather, Cord, Braid, etc., all without previous basting; and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family; or they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect; or from the finest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, without changing the feed needle or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever!

It has the following advantages over all other machines:

Far greater variety of work; beauty and excellence of stitch; speed and quietness of motion; simplicity of construction; ease and management; elegance of design and finish.

These are peculiar facts, and will go far to determine the choice of an intelligent buyer.

—Please call and examine.

S. H. PEIRSOL,
BEAVER, PA.,
aug17] Sole Agt. for Beaver co.

Marine, Inland & Fire Insurance.

INSURANCE CO. OF NORTH AMERICA.

PHILADELPHIA:

Incorporated 1794. Charter Perpetual

The Oldest Co. in the U. States.

Over $17,000,000 Losses paid in Cash, since its Organization.

Cash Capital and Surplus Jan. 1, 1865.

$1,715,171 71.

Buildings, Merchandise and Furniture insured against Loss or Damage by Fire, on the most Liberal Terms.

Brick and Stone Dwellings Insured Perpetually.

Risks taken on the most liberal terms, by
CHAS. B. HURST, Agent.
my31'65 Rochester, Pa.

Hice & Rutan

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WILL attend to legal business of all kinds. Prompt attention given to collections generally. Licensed Agents for collection of Pensions, Bounty, arrears of Pay, Prize money, Pay, etc., of Prisoners of War, and all Kinds of military claims against the Government. Office—
Corner of Market Street and the Diamond,
(immediately in the rear of Court House,)
BEAVER, PENN'A. [jan4

Manufacturers' & Merchants'
INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF PITTSBURG.

Office: 87 Water st., Hagatey's building.

J. I. BENNETT, President.
J. W. CHALFANT, Vice Pres't.
Wm. P. JONES, Sec'y.

Insures Against Loss by Fire

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes,

And on property in transit against the perils of navigation.

DIRECTORS.—James I. Bennett, Jacob L. Schwartz, Robert Lee, I. C. Pershing, M. W. Watson, L. R. McAboy, A. E. W. Painter, J. W. Chalfant, Isaiah Dickey, Wm. Walker, R. G. Bushnell, John Wilson, Henry A. Weaver. Risks taken on the most liberal terms, by
CHAS. B. HURST, Agent,
my31'65 Rochester, Pa.

F. A. WINTER'S
MUSIC STORE,

Broadway, New Brighton, Pa.

PIANOS, Melodeons, and a choice collection of Musical Instruments, kept for sale. Also, Music and Stationery.

☞ Instrumental music taught. [sep9

IF you want to buy the best Paints, Oils Dye Stuffs, go to Moore's Drug Store.

BOSS BROTHER, & Co's. Extra Chemical Writing Fluid, the best in the world at the Bridgewater Drug Store. Try it and be convinced. Manufactured by the American Ink Company

IF you want to buy the best Cigars and Tobacco, go to Moore's Drug store

D. S. NOBLE.....F. M. HAMILTON.

NEW DRUG STORE!!

THIRD STREET,

BEAVER, PA.,

(Two doors west of Post Office)

THE undersigned are just receiving a new, large and well selected stock, consisting of

DRUGS,
Medicines
CHEMICALS,
Paints, Oils,
AND
DYE STUFFS:

Also, a full assortment of

Perfumeries,
FANCY SOAPS,
BRUSHES,

of every variety, and all other articles usually kept in a first-class Drug store.

PURE
LIQUORS, WINES
And Brandies,
FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES ONLY

The proprietors having had an extensive experience in the prescription business, flatter themselves that they can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage.

sep20'65 NOBLE & HAMILTON.

CHAS B HURST
Banker and Broker,
AND DEALER IN
Real Estate, Stocks, Government Bonds, and other Securities.
INSURANCE & CLAIM AGENT,
Conveyancer & General Agent.

THE subscriber having opened an office at Rochester, (in the room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune) respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general.

Particular attention given to the adjustment of Officers' accounts, and ALL claims arising out of the present war, such as

Pensions, Patents, Bounties, Arrears of Pay, Prize Money, &c., &c.

Deeds drawn up and acknowledged.

Fire risks taken in first class Insurance Companies.

Revenue stamps always on hand.

Refers to John A. Caughey, Jas. Fleming, Wm. H. Smith & Co., Pittsburg;
Rochester, May5'65

BEAVER ACADEMY

THE Fall Term of this Institution will commence

Tuesday, Sept. 12th, 1865,

under the charge of

M. GANTZ
Ass Principal.

It is the desire and will be the aim to make this a thorough English, Classical and Commercial School, and to sustain the high character it has heretofore maintained.

Good opportunities will be afforded to young men and boys who desire to obtain a thorough English and Business Education, and to all who may desire a Classical Education, or to fit themselves for entering the higher College classes

For rates of tuition, &c., send for circular. Address the Principal at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa., or the undersigned.

H. HICE
Sec. Board of Trustees, Beaver, Pa.

THE GREAT
STEINWAY PIANOS!

The most perfect Piano Fortes in the world,

CAN BE HAD ONLY

AT

H. KLEBER & BRO'S.,
122 WOOD ST., PITTSBURG.

☞ Sole Agents for Steinway's Pianos for Western Pennsylvania. [my10'65

Penn Planing Mill,
SASH & DOOR FACTORY.

JAS. A. SHOLES.....ALFRED SLACK.

SLACK & SHOLES,

Cor. Penn & Marbury Streets,
PITTSBURG, PA.

Flooring, Weatherboarding, Sash,
Doors, Frames, Brackets & Moulding

Always on hand or made to order. [my17:1y

A. C. BARLOW, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

HAVING permanently located in BEAVER tenders his professional services to the citizens of Beaver and adjoining villages and country. Having had twenty years experience (over four years as an army Surgeon) he feels competent to command the confidence of those who may wish his services.

Calls, day or night, promptly attended

☞ Office in the National Hotel building, where he may be found at all hours, day or night, when not professionally engaged.
sep20'65

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of WM. ORBEY, late of Independence township, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement

ALEX. R. THOMSON, Admr.
nov1'65. Independence tp.

JERSEY SWEET POTATOES AND CRANBERRIES, received and for sale by
STILES & SHALLENBERGER, Bridgewater.

CLOTHING EMPORIUM

AT

WM. REICH'S,

BRIDGEWATER.

NEW GOODS,

FOR FALL & WINTER CLOTHING.

I have just received a new stock of the

LATEST STYLES

Of Overcoatings.
Cassimeres for Business Suits,
And a general assortment of Vestings

All kinds of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Constantly on hand,

Such as Undershirts,
Drawers, etc.,
Linen and Woolen Overshirts,
Collars,
Neck ties,

And too many other articles to mention.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In all the latest styles and at shortest notice.

Wm. REICH,
Stewart's Row, Bridge Street,
oct1'65 BRIDGEWATER.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

THE PLACE TO GET THEM

Cheap and Durable.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL.

LOUIS F. WEINMAN.

MANUFACTURER of and Retail Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge street,

BRIDGEWATER.

He keeps an excellent supply of ready-made work constantly on hand.

Boots and shoes made to order on shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

He has good workmen, and can't be excelled by any other establishment in West. Pa.

Men, women and children will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

For the best and cheapest article go to
LOUIS F. WEINMAN'S,
oct11'65 Bridge st., Bridgewater.

FRUIT TREES &c., &c.

APPLE,
PEAR,
PEACH,
GRAPE VINES,
STRAWBERRY PLANTS,
And SMALL FRUITS,
NURSERY STOCK

In great variety from the Nursery of

T. L. SHIELDS & CO.,
oct4 *Sewickly, Allegheny co., Pa.*

SMITH'S FERRY AND LITTLE BEAVER PETROLEUM COMPANY!

CAPITAL STOCK.....	$80,000.
80,000 Shares of Par Value of.....	$1,00 each.
WORKING CAPITAL.....	$13,000.

AT a meeting of the stockholders of the above company, held at their office in the borough of Rochester, April 29th, 1865, the following persons were elected its officers for the ensuing year.

PRESIDENT:
MATTISON DARRAGH.

TREASURER & SECRETARY:
CHARLES B. HURST.

DIRECTORS:

Mattison Darragh,	Milo R. Adams,
Charles Stone,	Alfred C. Hurst,
James Darragh,	John Bigger,
Levi Brennaman,	Robt. A. Cochran,
Charles F. Kendall.	

☞ A limited number of shares of Stock of the above Company may be had by application at the office of the company.

☞ Office in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.
my3:6m CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

Rev. R. T. TAYLOR, A. M., President.

THE Terms open respectively Sept. 12, '65, January 2, and April 5, 1866.

Every opportunity for instruction in any branch of science or on any musical instrument; also vocal music, private or in classes, is afforded here at reasonable rates.

Lads received in the Primary Department; also small girls of any degree of proficiency.

Drawing and painting of every style will receive the special attention of a first-class artist.

Tuition: $5.50, $8,50, and $12,50, according to department.

None but thoroughly qualified and experienced Teachers are employed in any department. For further information address
aug2'65 R. T. TAYLOR, President.

Wines and Liquors, Wholesale.

Groceries at Retail or by Package.

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c
At Peter Angel's, Bridgewater.

BUTTER, Eggs, and all kinds of country produce taken in exchange, for which the highest market price will be paid. In connection with the Grocery and Liquor store, the Bakery and Confectionary in still carried on, where may be found a first class assortment of cakes, confectionaries, canned fruits, pickles, spiced oysters, &c. A fine stock of tobacco and cigars of all fancy brands.

N. B. A pure article of wines, &c., for medicinal and sacramental purposes constantly on hand.

☞ Do not forget the place, Peter Angel's old stand, Bridge st, Bridgewater [aug2:3m

LOT FOR SALE.

THE heirs of the late Colonel JOSEPH H. WILSON, dec'd., offer at public sale, on

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 22ND, 1865,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., at the

Court House in the Boro' of Beaver,

that large and well improved EIGHT-ACRE LOT, adjoining the boro' of Beaver, on the road leading to Bridgewater.

Those desiring to purchase, will take notice accordingly.

☞ Terms made known on day of sale.
nov15:1t JAMES WILSON.

NATIONAL HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE LARGE THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING, with the Frame Buildings ings adjoining, and lot on which they are erected, in the town of Beaver, known as the

National Hotel,

is offered for sale.

☞ For particulars inquire of THOMAS MCCREERY or W. HAMILTON, Beaver. [nov15

BARBER,
HAIR-DRESSER, &C.

JAMES BRUIN is happy to announce to his his old customers, that he has been discharged from the service of the United States, and opened a shop in the frame building adjoining Wm. Orr's Store. Ladies' hair cut in the most approved style. He trusts his old friends will renew their patronage. Having carried the flag of the 45th Reg. U. S. C. T. for almost a year, in the battles around Petersburg, he thinks himself entitled to a fair share of the public patronage.

Public Notice.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MONONGAHELA VALLEY TELEGRAPH CO. are hereby notified that a meeting of said Stockholders will be held in Monongahela City, on SATURDAY, DEC. 9th, 1865, at 2 o'clock, p. m., at the house of C. Harvey, for the purpose, amongst other things, of increasing the capital stock of said Company to an amount equal to the estimate cost of making such extension to the said line as may be proposed and agreed upon at said meeting.

JAMES L. SHAW, Sec'y.
Monongahela City, Nov. 10'65

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM pleasantly situated, 1 mile from the town of Beaver, adjoining the property of A. B. Wolf, containing 42 acres, is offered for sale. It is well adapted to farming or gardening purposes The improvements are a frame house and other out-buildings. A good apple orchard and other fruits on the premises. Also, a good stone quarry. For price and terms apply to

IVORY COLE,
nov15'65. Rochester, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of CAPT. JOHN CUTHBERTSON, late of New Brighton, Beaver co., dec'd., having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

ELIZABETH B. CUTHBERTSON, Adm'x.
oct25'65 New Brighton.

IF you want to buy the best Perfumeries and Toilette Articles, go to Moore's Drug Store.

JUST LOOK AT THIS!

PAUSE. OBSERVE AND REFLECT

"A Thing of Beauty is a Joy Forever."

MORE than one hundred per cent. saved at Dr. G. W. SPENCER'S Steam Dental Establishment, No. 254 Penn street, the largest, first and only Steam Dental establishment in the State.

Only $5,00 for a set of teeth worth $15,00.
Only $8,00 for a set of teeth worth $20,00.
Only $10,00 for a set of teeth worth $30,00.
Only $15,00 for a set of teeth worth $50,00.
Only $20,00 for a set of teeth worth $80,00.
Only $30 for a double set of teeth worth $100.

Take notice! at Dr. SPENCER'S Pittsburg Steam Dental Establishment, artificial teeth are not warranted for a month, or a few months, but for one year, and if not entirely satisfactory when made, need not be taken away. All the machinery and appliances in the laboratory, and the lathes in the offices are run by a six horse power steam engine at a great saving of both time and labor. Dr. Spencer having at the present time nine first class assistants, graduates of the best Dental Colleges in the States, (also a lady to receive and assist in waiting on ladies and children,) is enabled to make from 100 to 125 sets of artificial teeth per week, so that persons from a distance need only stay in the city from six to twelve hours in order to be supplied with a superior set of artificial teeth, warranted comfortable and to render good satisfaction, than getting teeth and a visit to our city all for less money than they would cost you at home—Natural teeth carefully treated and filled with beautiful and permanent gold fillings.

Remember the place, No. 254, 254, 254 PENN STREET, where you will be made perfectly at home through the cordial attentions of the proprietor, his assistants and attendants.

N. B.—Use Dr. SPENCER'S PURELY VEGETABLE CELEBRATED CIRCASSIAN TOOTH POWDER. Sold by all Druggists.
oct11'65

WASHER, WRINGER and STARCHER Combined! Silver and Bronze Medals, Diplomas, Certificates, Premiums, and Testimonials, have been received from various sources, both Public and Private.

Self-Adjusting and Adjustable. The only Wringer with the Patent Cog-Wheel Regulator, for turning both rolls together and which positively prevents the rolls from breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog-wheels give it a power which renders it a most Excellent Washer, pressing and separating, as it does, the dirt with the water from the cloth, leaving them dryer, whiter, and smoother than when "wrung by hand." The water can be pressed from large and small articles, easier, quicker, and more thoroughly than by the ordinary, old-fashioned back-breaking, wearing, straining, and clothes destroying process. The Cog-wheels prevent all wearing and tearing of clothes by the friction of the rolls or twisting of stitches by twisting.

Without Cog-wheels, the whole strain in forcing the cloth through the Machine is upon the lower roll, and the cloth is made to act in the place of Cog-wheels, to drive the upper roll, causing a much greater strain on the lower roll than when Cog-wheels, as in our Patent Regulator, are used, besides the extra strain upon the cloth. A Good Canvasser wanted in every town. Liberal inducements offered, and exclusive sale guaranteed.

R. C. BROWING, Agent.
347 Broadway, New York.
WM. G. WOLF, Agent.
Borough township
May 11, '64.

☞ J. R. TODD is Agent for Universal Clothes Wringer in the Townships of Moon, Hopewell, Independence, Raccoon, Greene and Hanover.

A CARD TO THE LADIES

Dr. Duponco's
Golden Periodical Pills
FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Curse, from Whatever Cause, and

ALWAYS SUCCESSFUL AS A PREVENTIVE.

It is now over thirty years since the first celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success in every case, and only at the urgent request of the Ladies of Ladies who have used them, that he was induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any Irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family, where health will not permit. Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition, as the proprietor assumes no responsibilities after the above admonition, although the mildness would prevent any mischief to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended.

Price $1,00 per Box. Six Boxes $5,00.

Sold by S. Smith, Bridgewater, Noble & Hamilton, Beaver, S. Hannen, Rochester.

Ladies! By sending $1,00 to either of the above agents, can have the pills sent (confidentially) by mail, to any part of the country, or address the Proprietor,

S. D. HOWE,
New York.
oct 25'65:1yr.

Drs. M'KINNEY & FRICE

HAVING entered into partnership for the practice of MEDICINE and SURGERY, tender their professional services to the citizens of BEAVER BORO' AND COUNTY.

OFFICE:
Two doors below Moore's Drug Store
Beaver, Sept 25:1m